

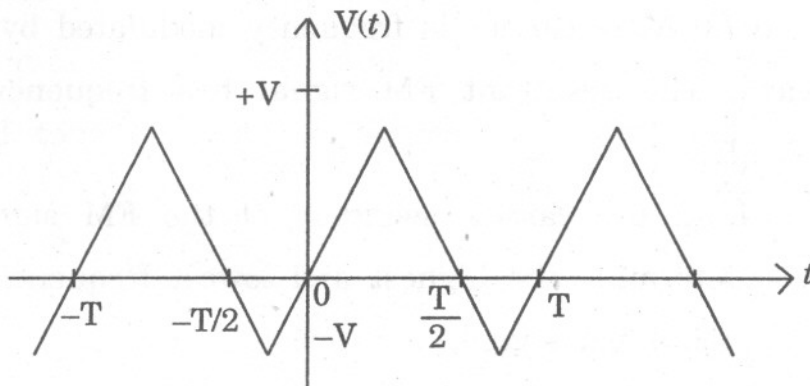
S.E. (IT) (II Sem.) EXAMINATION, 2009
PRINCIPLES OF COMMUNICATION ENGG.
(2003 COURSE)

Time : Three Hours**Maximum Marks : 100**

- N.B. :—** (i) Answer *three* questions from Section I and *three* questions from Section II.
- (ii) Answers to the two Sections should be written in separate answer-books.
- (iii) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- (iv) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (v) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

SECTION I

1. (a) What is the importance of communication system ? Explain in detail. [6]
- (b) Explain deterministic and random signals with examples. [4]
- (c) Find the trigonometric Fourier series of the triangular waveform shown below : [6]



Or

2. (a) Define Fourier transform. Enlist properties of F.T. How F.T. is important in power spectral calculations ? [8]
- (b) Find the F.T. of the existing voltage : [8]

$$\begin{aligned} V(t) &= V_0 e^{-t} & t &\geq 0 \\ &= 0 & t &\leq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Also sketch approximately its amplitude and phase spectrum.

3. (a) Explain the importance of modulation in : [8]
- (i) Avoid mixing of signal
- (ii) Multiplexing of signal.
- (b) Define deviation Ratio. Explain the significance of deviation ratio in F.M. [8]

Or

4. (a) Write short notes on : [6]
- (i) Pre-emphasis and
- (ii) De-emphasis.
- (b) A 107.6 MHz carrier is frequency modulated by a 7 kHz sine wave. The resultant FM signal has frequency deviation of 50 kHz : [10]
- (i) Find the carrier swinging of the FM signal.
- (ii) Determine the highest and lowest frequencies attained by modulated signal.
- (iii) What is modulation Index of FM wave ?
- (iv) Sketch the result.

5. (a) Draw and explain block diagram of AM Superheterodyne Receiver and explain importance of Intermediate frequency (IF). [10]
- (b) Explain the role of AFC and AGC in detail. [8]

Or

6. (a) What is double spotting and negative peak clipping ? How is it removed in practical diode detector ? [8]
- (b) Draw and explain with block schematic SSB receiver. [10]

SECTION II

7. (a) Compare TDM and FDM. [8]
- (b) Explain block diagram of PCM. [8]

Or

8. (a) Explain cellular telephone system in detail. [8]
- (b) What is the significance of Tone in telephone system ? Explain dial tone and call in progress tone in detail. [8]
9. (a) Explain line of sight propagation and ground wave propagation. [8]
- (b) Draw and explain block diagram of TV receiver. [8]

Or

10. (a) Explain the following characteristics of Antenna : [8]
- (i) Beam width
 - (ii) Directive gain
 - (iii) Directivity
 - (iv) Antenna efficiency.
- (b) Explain SWR phenomenon of transmission line. Explain relation between SWR and reflection coefficient. [8]
11. (a) Write a short note on Fibre optic communication. [8]
- (b) What is spread spectrum technique ? Explain DSSS in detail. [10]

Or

12. (a) Explain in brief Layers of OSI model. [8]
- (b) What is digital communication ? Explain its block in detail. State its applications. [10]