



S.E. (Computer Engg.) (Semester – II) Examination, 2010
DATA STRUCTURES (2003 Course)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions : 1) Answers to the **two** Sections should be written in **separate** books.

2) **Neat** diagrams must be drawn **wherever** necessary.

3) **Use** of logarithmic tables, slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is **allowed**.

4) Assume **suitable** data, if **necessary**.

5) Attempt **Q. 1** or **Q. 2**, **Q. 3** or **Q. 4**, **Q. 5** or **Q. 6** from **Section – I** and **Q. 7** or **Q. 8**, **Q. 9** or **Q. 10**, **Q. 11** or **Q. 12** from **Section – II**.

SECTION – I

1. a) Differentiate singly linked list and doubly linked list. Write a function to insert a node after any node in doubly linked list. 8
- b) What is generalized linked list ? Write a node structure in C for generalized linked list. Give the diagrammatic representation of the following polynomial using generalized linked list 8
- $$8x^3y^3z^3 + 3x^3y^2z^3 + y^2z^2 + xy^2z^2 + 8x + 9y.$$

OR

2. a) Write pseudo 'C' algorithm to reverse a singly linked list 8
- i) By using new list
- ii) Without using new list.
- b) Show how to implement stack operations by using linked list. 8
3. a) Define BST. Write a function in C to insert a Node into BST. 8
- b) Write a non-recursive postorder traversal algorithm for Binary tree. 8

OR

4. a) Explain how to convert general tree to Binary tree. 6
- b) What is the use of threaded Binary tree ? Give the node structure required for a threaded binary tree. Write pseudo algorithm for in order threading of Binary tree. 10



5. a) What is minimum spanning tree ? Write a Kruskal's algorithm for minimum spanning tree.

8

b) Write pseudo 'C' algorithm for :

10

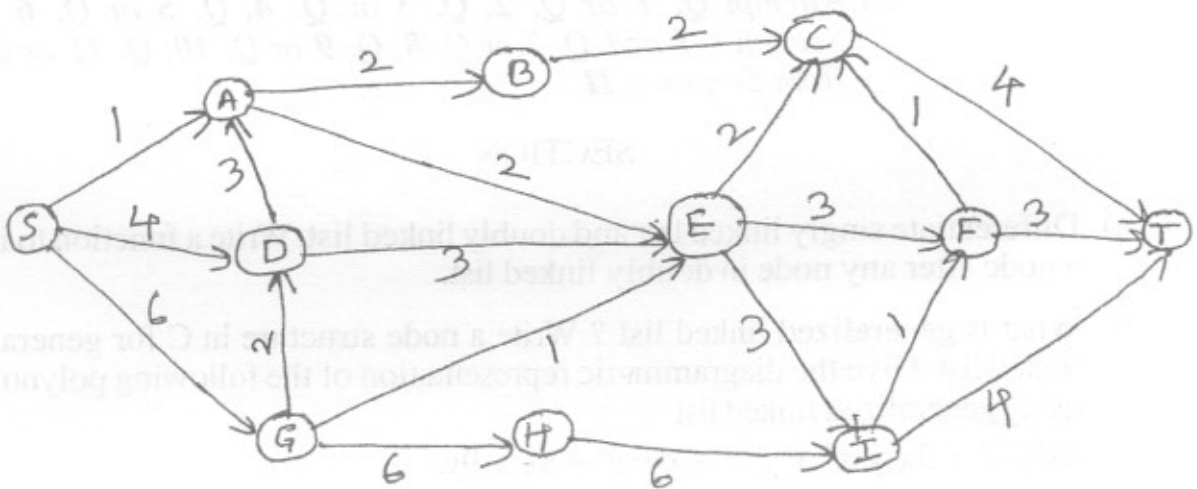
i) BFS traversal of graph

ii) DFS traversal of graph

OR

6. a) Find a topological ordering for the following graph.

8



b) Define the following terms with respect to graph :

10

i) Graph traversal

ii) Adjacency matrix

iii) Adjacency list

iv) Indegree and outdegree of vertex

v) Diagraph.

SECTION – II

7. a) What is Hashing ? What is the hashing function ? Give at least two examples of hashing function. Discuss about the characteristics of a good hashing function. How is collision handled during hashing ?

10

b) Explain Rehashing with example.

8

OR



8. a) Obtain AVL tree starting with an empty tree on the following sequence : 12
STA, ADD, LDA, MOV, JMP, TRIM, XCHG, MVI, DIV, NOP, IN, JNZ.
Draw the tree at each stage of insertion. At each stage, mention the rotation applied if any.
- b) Compare the AVL tree with Binary search tree. 6
9. a) Define Min-Heap and Max-Heap. Write a algorithm to design a priority queue using heap. 8
- b) Explain Heapsort algorithm and give its time complexity. 8

OR

10. a) Explain how to construct a 'B' tree of order 5 with steps for the following data 78, 21, 14, 11, 97, 85, 74, 63, 45, 42, 57, 20, 16, 19, 52, 30, 21. 8
- b) Define Red-Black tree and give its properties. 8
11. a) Compare sequential file organization with indexed sequential file organization. Write 'C' implementation of primitives for sequential file organization. 8
- b) State the advantages and disadvantages of the following file organization :
1) Sequential
2) Indexed-sequential
3) Direct. 8

OR

12. Write short note on : 16
- a) Sequential file
- b) Inverted files
- c) Linear probing
- d) Application of hash table.