[3862]-223

S.E. (I.T.) (Second Sem.) EXAMINATION, 2010 COMPUTER GRAPHICS

(2008 COURSE)

Time	:	Three	Hours		

Maximum Marks: 100

- N.B. :— (i) Answer three questions from Section-I and three questions from Section-II
 - (ii) Answers to the two Sections should be written in separate answer-books.
 - (iii) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
 - (iv) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (v) Use of electronic pocket calculator is allowed.

SECTION I

- 1. (a) Consider the line from (0, 0) to (-6, -6). Use the simple DDA algorithm for rasterizing this line. [6]
- (b) Explain the difference between raster scan and vector scan displays. [4]
- (c) Draw and explain the following input devices: [8]
- (i) Trackball
 - (ii) Joystick
- hear all (iii) Light pen system
 - (iv) Touch panel

- (a) Explain and derive the expression for the decision parameter in mid-point line drawing algorithm.
 - (b) Explain display file structure. Why is display file interpreter used? Which are the commands used in display file interpreter?
 - (c) Explain Stroke and Star-burst method for character generation. [4]
- 3. (a) Scale the polygon with co-ordinates A(2, 5), B(7, 10) and C(10, 2) by 3 units in x-direction and 4 units in y-direction. [6]
 - (b) A point (5, 4) is rotated anticlockwise by an angle of 45. Find rotation matrix and the resultant point. [6]
 - (c) Explain the method for testing a pixel inside or outside a polygon. (even-odd method). [4]

Or

- 4. (a) Find the transformation matrix that transform the given square ABCD to half its size with centre still remaining at the same position. The co-ordinates of the square are: A(1, 1), B(3, 1), C(3, 3), D(1, 3) and centre at (2, 2). Also find the resultant co-ordinates of square.
 - (b) What is homogeneous co-ordinate system? Explain the need of homogeneous co-ordinates. [4]

(c)	Translate the polygon with co-ordinates A(2, 3), B(5, 9)
	and $C(8, 9)$ by 6 units in x-direction and 3 units in
	y-direction. [4]
(a)	Explain the ways of projecting 3D objects onto 2D screen in
(4)	amota de la companya
	detail. [8]
(b)	What is Spline? Give definitions of spline curve and spline
	surface. Explain with neat diagrams, which are the different
	parametric continuity conditions ? [8]
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(a)	What is meant by quadric surfaces ? Explain any two quadric
	surfaces with figure, its equation and parametric form :[8]
(b)	Write short notes on (Attempt any two): [8]
	(i) Polygon tables
	(ii) Polygon surfaces
	(iii) Curved lines and surfaces.
	SECTION II
(a)	What are the different ways in which motions of the objects
	can be specified? Explain each in brief. [8]
(b)	What is Animation ? What are the basic rules required for
- uper	r seath thereigh with the third transferrent steps t
	sets years to be seek Shading Algorithm
(c)	Explain CIE Chromaticity diagram. [4]
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	 (a) (b) (c)

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8.	(a)	Explain various controlling methods of Animation.	5]
in.	(b)	Explain difference between RGB and CMY(K) colo	r
		model.	1]
	(c)	Write short notes on :	
		(i) Key Frame Systems	
		(ii) Animation Languages	
			9]
9.	(a)	What is jittering? State the advantages of distributed ra	у
		tracing. [4	[]
	(b)	Explain the following illumination models: [12	2]
		(i) Phong illumination	
		(ii) Diffuse reflection	
		(iii) Specular reflection	
		Or bus soul beyond (iii)	
10.	(a)	Write short notes on :	9]
		(i) Z Buffer	
		(ii) RGB Color Model	
		(iii) Ray Tracing.	
	(b)	What is shading? What are the different steps required to	O
[6]		shade an object using Gaurads Shading Algorithm ?	7]

11.	(a)	Explain in brief Monte-Carlo method for rendering.	[5]
	(b)	Explain Bezier Curve Generation using Midpo	int
		Subdivision.	[6]
	(c)	Explain the algorithm to draw fractal lines.	[5]
		Or	
12.	(a)	Explain features of 3D Studio/Maya Graphics tool.	[7]
	(b)	Write short notes on :	[9]
		(i) Texture Mapping	
		(ii) Anti-aliasing	
		(iii) Post-filtering and GPU.	