

## T.E. (Information Technology) (Semester – I) Examination, 2010 OPERATING SYSTEMS (New) (2008 Course)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100 Instructions: 1) Answer all questions for each Section. 2) Answer to the two Sections should be written in separate books. 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary. 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. SECTION - I 1. A) What is the purpose of system calls and how do the system calls relate to operating system? 8 B) What is an operating system? State and explain the basic functions of operating system. 8 OR A) Discuss various architectures of operating system. 8 B) Write a shell script for sorting a given list of numbers using bubble sort. 8 2. A) List the information in process control block and explain it. 8 B) What is a thread? Define User Level Thread (ULT) and Kernel Level Thread (KLT). How is ULT mapped to KLT? 8 OR A) Consider the following processes 12 Processes BTPriority P1 10 P2 P3 P4 P5 The processes are arrived in order P1 to P5 all at 0 i) Draw Gantt chart to show the execution using FCFS, SJF, non pre-emptive priority (smaller priority number implies higher priority)

ii) Calculate average TAT & WT.

B) Explain real time scheduling.



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3.	A) List the requirement of Mutual Exclusion.										
	B)	Write a sem	aphore solution for readers-writers problem.	6							
	C) Apply the Deadlock DetectionAlgorithm for following example and show the results  Available [2 1 0 0]										
		Request	Allocation								
		2001	0 0 1 0								
		1010	2001								
		2100	A What is the purpose of system alls and how do 0.2.1.0cm operating system?	6							
			13. What is an operating system. State and explain the basic function	0							
	A) What is the difference among deadlock avoidance, detection and prevention?										
	B) Write a semaphore solution for dining philosophers problem.										
	C) Explain monitors in brief. The local management of the second										
			SECTION – II								
4.	. A) Draw a graph of degree of multiprogramming verses CPU utilization. Explain the nature of graph.										
	B) Explain with the help of a neat diagram how TLB can be used to improve Effective Access Time.										
			OR								
4.	A) What are the common techniques for structuring the page table? Explain at least three of the techniques.										
	B)	For the follo	owing reference string.								
		5, 6, 7, 8, 5	5, 6, 9, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9								
		Count the n	number of page faults that occur with 3 frames and 4 frames using	_							

FIFO page replacement method. Discuss the result.



5.	A)	A	disk	drive	has	500	cylinders,	numbered	0 to	499.	The	drive	is	curre	ntly
		se	rving	a requ	uest	at cy	linder 255	and the pre	vious	requ	est w	as at c	yli	nder 1	143.
		th	e que	ue of	pend	ling	requests in	FIFO orde	er is :						

84, 147, 91, 177, 286, 341, 78, 488, 38, 130.

Starting from current head position, what is the total distance that the disk arm moves to satisfy all pending requests for each of the following disk scheduling algorithms.

- 1) FCFS
- 2) SSTF
- 3) LOOK.

B) Explain various allocation methods for storage of files on disk.

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OR

5. A) Discuss the following:

Directory Structure

File Sharing.

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B) Describe free space management techniques with suitable example.

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6. A) Discuss the security in Unix.

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B) What is the difference between a threat and an attack? Explain with example.

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OR

A) Explain techniques and security policies to improve the resistance to threats.

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B) Explain how the access matrix can be implemented effectively.

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