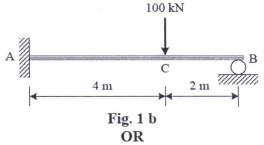
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S. E Civil 2012 Course, Examination May 2014 STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS I (Semester -II)

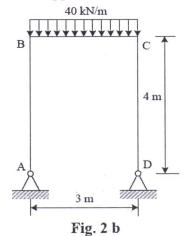
Time: 02 Hours
Instructions to the candidates:

Max. Marks:50

- 1. Attempt Q. 1 or Q. 2, Q. 3 or Q. 4, Q. 5 or Q. 6, and Q. 7 or Q.8.
- 2. Answer should be written in one answer book.
- 3. Neat diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4. Figure to the right indicates full marks.
- 5. Assume suitable data, if necessary and clearly state.
- 6. Use of cell phone is prohibited in the examination hall.
- 7. Use of electronic pocket calculator is allowed.
- Q1) a) Define static and kinematic indeterminacy of the structures. Find static and [06] kinematic indeterminacy of simply supported and fixed beam.
 - b) Determine reaction V_B at B for the propped cantilever loaded and supported as [06] shown in Fig. 1 b by Castigliano's second theorem.



- Q2) a) Derive a general expression to find slope and deflection of a simply supported [06] beam of span L subjected to central point load W by Macaulay's method.
 - b) Determine horizontal reaction H_A at A using Castigliano's second theorem for a [06] portal frame ABCD loaded and supported as shown in Fig. 2 b.



Determine the horizontal displacement of the joint C of the pin jointed frame as Q3) a) shown in Fig. 3 a. The cross sectional area of AB is 500 mm² and of AC & BC is 750 mm². Assume $E = 200 \text{ kN/mm}^2$.

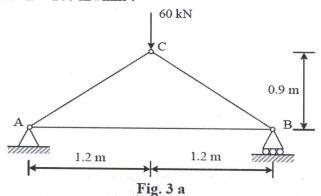
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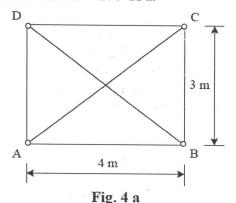
[07]



b) A uniformly distributed load of 100 kN/m and 6 m long moves over a girder of 40 m span from left to right. Using influence lines, find shear force and bending moment at a section 12 m from the left support when the tail of the load is 10 m from the left hand support.

OR

A pin jointed rectangular frame with two diagonal is built up as shown in Fig. 4 a. Q4) a) [06] The bar AD is the last to be added and is short by 2 mm. Find the force in AD when it is forced into position. The sectional area of each side bars is 2000 mm2 and of each diagonal is 1000 mm^2 . Take E = 200 GPa.



A warren girder of 25 m span is made up of five panels of 5 m each. The diagonals b) are inclined at 60° to the horizontal. Draw the influence line for force in the lower chord member L₁L₂ and find axial force in member L₁L₂ for a uniformly distributed moving load 20 kN/m longer than the span. Refer Fig. 4b.

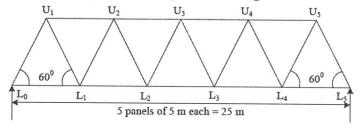


Fig. 4 b

- A three hinged parabolic arch of 20 m span and 4 m central rise carries a point load Q5) a) of 150 kN at 4 m horizontally from the left hand hinge. Calculate the normal thrust and shear force at the section under the point load.
 - A parabolic arch is hinged at the springing, which are at the same level. The span b) is 48 m with a central rise of 6 m. it carries a point load of 160 kN at the crown. If $I = Io sec \theta$, calculate the normal thrust, radial shear and bending moment at the left hand quarter span.

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Q6)	a)	In a three hinged circular arch, the span is 40 m and the rise is 5 m. It carries a	[06
		uniformly distributed load of 15 kN per horizontal meter run over the entire span	[oo
		and point loads of 100, 150 and 200 kN at horizontal distance of 15, 20 and 25 m	
		from the left hand hinge respectively. Calculate the horizontal thrust and the	
		reactions at the hinges.	
	b)	A semicircular arch ACB of uniform section and radius r is hinged at the ends A	[07
		and B are at the same level. It carries a point load W at the crown C. Show that the	[07

horizontal thrust at the abutment is W/π .

Q7) Explain in details, true and idealized stress-strain curve for mild steel in tension. a) [06] Find out the collapse load for a propped cantilever subjected to uniformly b) [07] distributed load w/unit length.

OR

Q8) State and explain upper bond, lower bond and uniqueness theorem. a) [06] Determine the fully plastic moment in the portal frame as shown in Fig. 8 b. The b) [07] frame has a uniform cross section throughout.

