Total No. of Questions-8]

[Total No. of Printed Pages-4

Seat No.

S.E. (Computer Engineering)

EXAMINATION, 2014

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS AND LOGIC DESIGN

(2012 PATTERN)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

- N.B. :— (i) Attempt Q. No. 1 or Q. No. 2, Q. No. 3 or Q. No. 4, Q. No. 5 or Q. No. 6, Q. No. 7 or Q. No. 8.
 - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- 1. (a) Do the following conversions:

[6]

- (i) $(1011.01)_2 \rightarrow ($ $)_{10}$
- (ii) $(4C8.2)_{16} \rightarrow ($ $)_{10}$
- $(iii) (0.6234)_{10} \rightarrow ()_{8}$
- (b) What is logic family? Give the classification of logic family. [3]
- (c) Explain the wired logic output of TTL with neat diagram. [3] P.T.O.

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2.	(a)	Minimize the following expression using Quine-McClusky:	
		$F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m (1, 5, 6, 12, 13, 14) + d(2, 4)$	

- (b) Explain with diagram 2 input CMOS NAND gate. [6]
- 3. (a) What do you mean by half adder and full adder? How will you implement full adder using half adder? Draw the circuit diagram. [6]
 - (b) Explain with neat diagram working of parallel in serial out 4-bit shift register. Draw necessary timing diagram. [6]

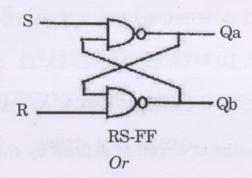
Or

- 4. (a) Explain in detail Look Ahead Carry generator. [6]
 - (b) Design a MOD-5 synchronous counter using JK FF and implement it. Also draw timing diagram. [6]
- (a) Draw the ASM chart for the following state machine. A 2-bit up counter is to be designed with output Q, Q0, and enable signal 'X'.
 If X = 0, then counter changes the state as 00 01 10 11 00. If 'X' = 1 then counter remains in same state.

Design the circuit using JK-FF and suitable MUX. [7]

(b) What is meant by Entity and Architecture in VHDL? Write the architecture of RS FF as given below in structural modeling.

Assume entity NAND 2 A, B input and Y output. [6]



- (a) Write VHDL code for 2-bit comparator circuit. Use behavioural modeling style. [6]
- (b) Draw an ASM chart and state table for a 2-bit Up-Down counter having mode control input M

When M = 1: UP counting

When M = 0: Down Counting

The circuit should generate output whenever counter becomes minimum or maximum. [7]

7. (a) What do you mean by FPGA? Explain the internal architecture of FPGA. State the importance of configurable logic block in FPGA.

3

(b) What is PLA? Explain the input buffer AND and OR Matrix in PLA. [6]

P.T.O.

8. (a) Implement the following Boolean function using PAL: [7]

$$W(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m (0, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13)$$

$$x(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m (0, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14)$$

$$y(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m (2, 3, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13)$$

$$z(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m (1, 3, 4, 6, 9, 12, 14)$$

(b) A combinational circuit is defined by the function: [6]

$$F1 = \Sigma m(3, 5, 7)$$

$$F2 = \Sigma m(4, 5, 7)$$

Implement the circuit with PLA having 3 input and 3 product term with 2 output.