

Total No. of Questions :12]

SEAT No. :

P1704

[4859]-45

[Total No. of Pages :4

B.E (Mechanical)

b:FINITE ELEMENT METHOD
(2008 Course) (Elective - III) (Semester - II)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks :100

Instructions to the candidates:

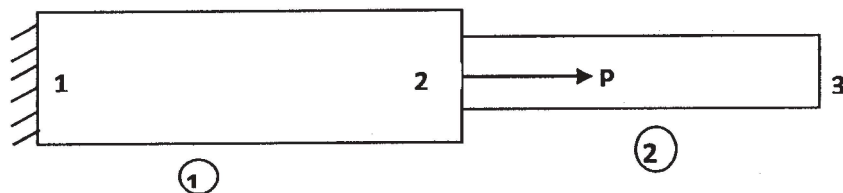
- 1) *Answer any 3 questions from each section.*
- 2) *Answer to the two sections should be written in separate answer book.*
- 3) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 4) *Figures to the right side indicate full marks.*
- 5) *Use of calculator is allowed.*
- 6) *Additional data sheet is attached for the reference.*

SECTION - I

- Q1)** a) Explain general FEM procedure for one dimensional structural linear Element. [8]
- b) Explain in brief concept of Cholesky's decomposition of matrix and banded skyline solution to solve the simultaneous equation in matrix form. [8]

OR

- Q2)** a) Explain in brief the concept plane stress, plain strain and Axi-symmetric. [12]
- b) Write a short note on Ritz method. [4]
- Q3)** a) Determine the nodal displacement at node 2, stresses in each material and support reactions in the bar shown in fig, due to applied force $P=400 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$ [10]



$$A_1 = 2400 \text{ mm}^2, A_2 = 1200 \text{ mm}^2, l_1 = 300 \text{ mm}, l_2 = 400 \text{ mm}$$

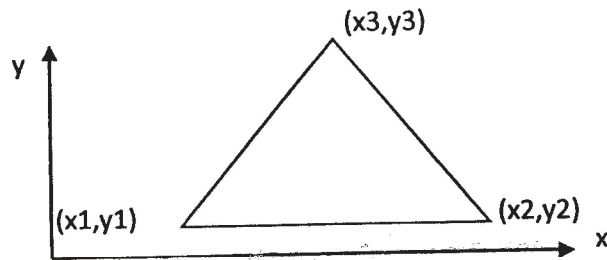
$$E_1 = 0.7 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2, E_2 = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

P.T.O.

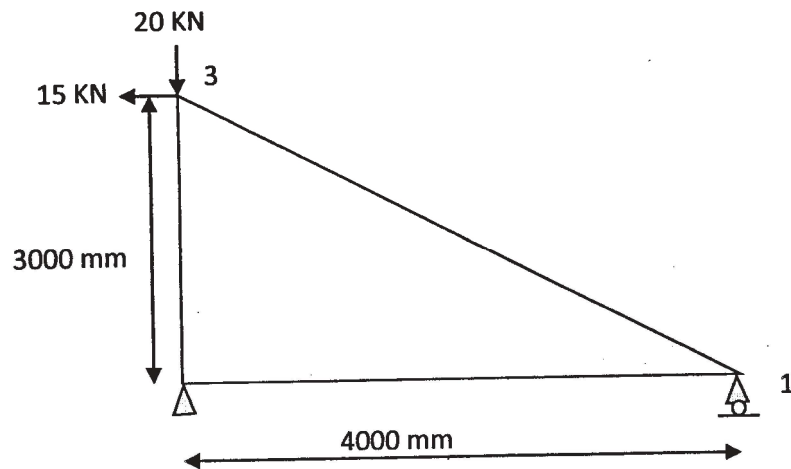
- b) State and explain principle of minimum potential approach to formulate FEM equation. [6]

OR

- Q4)** a) For the CST element shown in fig. Derive the shape function for 3 noded simple triangular elements. [4]



- b) Obtain the forces in the plane truss shown in fig. 1 and determine the support reactions also. Use finite element method. Take $E=200\text{Gpa}$ and $A=2000\text{ mm}^2$. [12]



- Q5)** a) Write a short note on: [12]

- Uniqueness of mapping in isoparametric elements.
- Jacobian matrix.

- b) Explain the difference between p & h refinement. [6]

OR

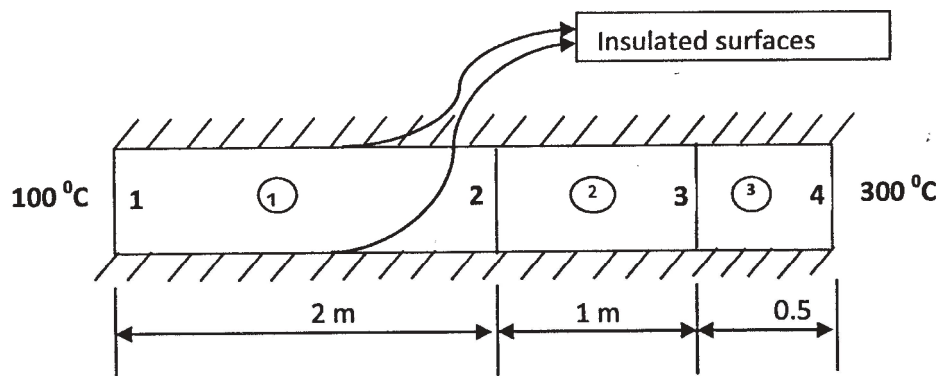
Q6) a) Explain the terms isoparametric, subparametric and superparametric elements and discuss the convergence criteria for isoparametric elements. [12]

b) Evaluate the integral using three point Gaussian quadrature method [6]

$$I = \int_{-1}^1 (3^x - 4x) dx$$

SECTION - II

Q7) For the one dimensional composite bar shown in fig, determine the interface temperatures. for element 1 let $K_{xx} = 200 \text{ W/m}^\circ\text{C}$, for element 2, let $K_{xx} = 100 \text{ W/m}^\circ\text{C}$ and for element 3, let $K_{xx} = 50 \text{ W/m}^\circ\text{C}$. Let $A = 0.1 \text{ m}^2$. The left has a constant temperature of 100°C and right end has a constant temperature of 300°C . [16]



OR

Q8) a) Derive the stiffness matrix of 1D steady state conducting thermal element. [10]

b) Write a short note on 2D element used for heat transfer problem. [6]

Q9) For the bar shown in fig. with length $2L$, modulus of elasticity E , mass density p , and cross sectional area A , determine the first two natural frequencies. Divide the bar into two equal elements. [16]



OR

Q10)a) Derive the consistent mass matrix for a truss element. [10]

b) Explain the Eigen value problem for undamped-free vibration system.[6]

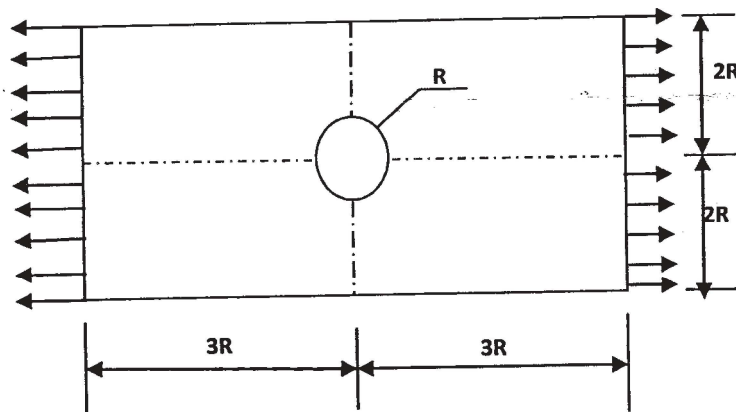
Q11)a) Explain the steps to be followed in pre-processing in FEM software.[6]

b) What is non linearity? Explain different types of non linearities. [6]

c) Explain aspect ratio and wrap angle. [6]

OR

Q12) Consider the problem given below of plate with center hole under plane stress.
Answer the following questions.



a) For minimum calculation what type of model used for analysis? [2]

b) What type of meshing technique will you use between free Vs mapped meshing? Why? [6]

c) Which type of refinement will you use? Where? [5]

d) In post processing how will you interpret the result? And where will be the maximum stress location. [5]

EEE