Total No. of Questions: 10]	SEAT No.:
P3645	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[4859]-1003

B.E. (Civil)

STRUCTURAL DESIGN AND DRAWING - III (2012 Pattern)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8 and Q.9 or Q.10.
- 2) Figures in bold to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) IS: 456, IS: 1343, IS: 3370, IS: 1893 and IS: 13920 are allowed in the examination.
- 4) The designs should comply with the latest codal provisions.
- 5) If necessary, assume suitable data and indicate clearly.
- 6) Use of electronic pocket calculator is allowed.
- **Q1)** a) What is concordant cable profile? Explain with an example. [6]
 - b) An end block of a post tensioned beam is 350 mm × 500 mm. The effective prestressing force is 800 kN with the tendon placed centrally at the ends. The strength of concrete at transfer is 40 N/mm². Check the bearing stresses if a bearing plate of 200 mm × 200 mm is provided. [4]

OR

- **Q2)** a) Explain load balancing concept with a suitable example. [6]
 - b) An end block of a post tensioned beam is 350 mm × 500 mm. The prestressing force is 800 kN with the tendon placed centrally at the ends. A bearing plate of 200 mm × 200 mm is provided. Calculate the bursting force and design the reinforcement using Fe 500. [4]
- Q3) a) Explain the mechanism of transfer of pre-stress in pre-tensioned concrete members and highlight the role of transmission length.[4]
 - b) A two span continuous ground beam ABC has a span AB = 6 m and BC = 6 m. The beams are of size 230 mm × 600 mm. The total load on the beam is 25 kN/m (inclusive of its self-weight). The moment due to EQ loads is 125 kNm. Calculate the design moments only at the supports as per IS 1893.

- **Q4)** a) Explain the criteria for limit state of cracking in prestressed concrete members. [4]
 - b) A two span continuous floor beam ABC has a span AB = 6 m and BC = 6 m. The beams are of size 230 mm \times 600 mm. Considering the effect of reversal of loads, the design moments and shear are as follows: $M_{u,(A+)} = 150 \text{ kNm}, M_{u,(A-)} = 350 \text{ kNm}, M_{u,(AB+)} = 110 \text{ kNm}, M_{u,(B+)} = 90 \text{ kNm}, M_{u,(B-)} = 400 \text{ kNm}, M_{u,(BC+)} = 90 \text{ kNm}, V_{u,(AB)} = 180 \text{ kN}, V_{u,(BA)} = 200 \text{ kN}, V_{u,(BC)} = V_{u,(CB)} = 220 \text{ kN}.$ Design the beam AB only. Use M30 grade of concrete and steel of grade Fe 500.
- **Q5)** a) What are earth retaining structures? Give suitable examples. [4]
 - b) Perform stability analysis for a T-shaped retaining wall and calculate the factor of safety against overturning, sliding and check for maximum pressure at the base. The details of the retaining wall are as follows:

 Overall height = 5.0 m, thickness of stem at base = 350 mm and 200 mm at top, thickness of base slab = 350 mm, width of base slab = 2.70 m, width of toe = 0.80 m. The top surface of the backfill is horizontal and has the following properties: unit weight = 17 kN/m³, coefficient of friction between concrete and soil = 0.55, angle of repose = 30°, SBC of soil = 150 kN/m², depth of foundation = 1.0 m.

 [12]

OR

- Q6) Design a L-shaped retaining wall to retain a backfill of 3 m. The backfill is horizontal and is subjected to a surcharge of 10 kN/m² acting over a length of 5 m from the face of the wall. The unit weight of the soil is 18 kN/m³, angle of repose = 30°, SBC of soil = 180 kN/m², good foundation is available at a depth of 1.0 m. Sketch the details of reinforcement in the wall and base slab.
- Q7) a) A slab-beam type combined footing is designed for two boundary columns A and B, 3 m apart. Sketch the typical details of reinforcement in the beam and slab in longitudinal and transverse sections.[3]
 - b) Design a slab type combined footing for two columns spaced 3 m apart carrying a service load of 600 kN each. The columns are 300 mm × 300 mm. The SBC of soil is 180 kN/m². The width of the slab shall be taken as 2.0 m. Use M30 grade of concrete and steel of grade Fe 500. Sketch the details of reinforcement.

- *Q8)* Design a slab-beam type combined footing for two boundary columns spaced 4.0 m apart. The columns are 300 mm × 300 mm. The working loads from the column are 700 kN each. The SBC of soil is 175 kN/m². Use M30 grade of concrete and steel of grade Fe 500. Sketch the details of reinforcement. [16]
- **Q9)** a) A rectangular water tank $4.5 \text{ m} \times 2.25 \text{ m} \times 2.25 \text{ m}$ is resting on ground. The tank wall is free at top and hinged at bottom. Determine the maximum bending moments at mid-span and support as per IS: 3370 in the long wall and short wall.
 - b) Design the section of a circular water tank with flexible base and resting on ground. The wall is subjected to a maximum hoop tension of 260 kN. Use Fe 500 grade of steel and M 35 grade of concrete. The limiting design surface crack width may be taken as 0.1 mm. [12]

OR

- **Q10)** a) Explain the procedure to assess the crack width in flexure in water retaining structures as per the latest codal provisions. [4]
 - b) Design a square water tank resting on ground for a capacity of 75,000 liters. Use M 30 grade of concrete and steel of grade Fe 500. Sketch the details of reinforcement. [14]

