

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

P4460

[4860]-34

[Total No. of Pages : 4

M.E. (Civil/Structures)

**STRUCTURAL MATHEMATICS**  
**(2008 Course) (Semester-I) (501401)**

Time : 4 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 100

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt three questions from section-I and three questions from section-II.
- 2) Answers to the two Sections should be written in separate books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 5) Use of non programmable electronic calculator is allowed.
- 6) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

**SECTION-I**

**Q1) a)** Using Flexibility method, analyze the beam shown.

**[12]**

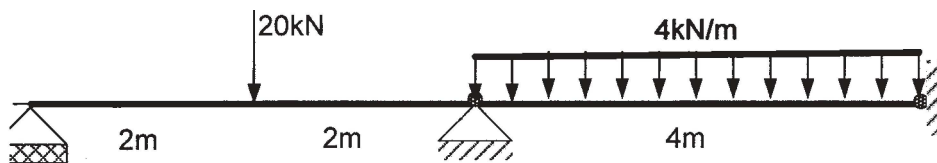


Fig.1.a

- b) Discuss the concept of banded matrix. Explain the band width and half band width of stiffness matrix with a suitable example. **[5]**

**Q2) a)** A 2.4 m long boom is held by ball and socket joint at A and by two cables BD and CD as shown in the Fig. 2a, find the displacement of joint D if weight of 380 N is attached at D. Use stiffness method. **[12]**

*P.T.O.*

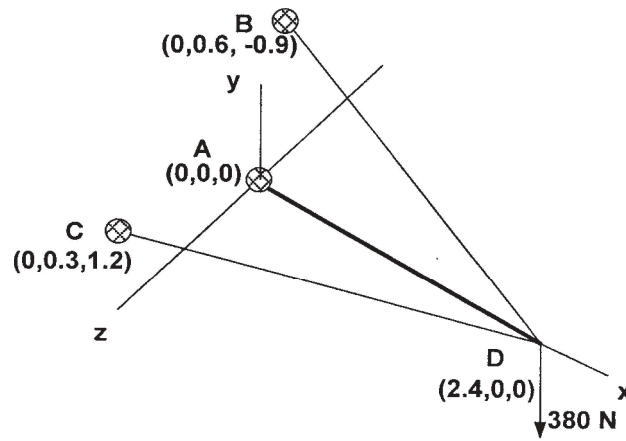


Fig. 2.a

- b) Estimate the lowest buckling load of a uniform pin ended column of length  $L$  and flexural rigidity  $EI$  using Eigen value technique. Divide the column in three equal parts. [5]

**Q3)** a) For a space frame member, develop the member stiffness matrix with proper sketches. [8]

- b) Derive the transformation matrix for the grid member. [8]

**Q4)** a) Using Euler's method, find an approximate value of  $y$  when  $x = 0.3$ , given that  $dy/dx = 2xy$  and  $y = 0.5$  when  $x = 0$ . Take  $h = 0.1$ . [7]

- b) Solve the pair of simultaneous equations [9]

$$dy_1/dx = y_2, y_1(0) = 1$$

$$dy_2/dx = y_1 * y_2 + x^2 + 1, y_2(0) = 0$$

Estimate the values of  $y_1(0.2)$  and  $y_2(0.2)$ .

## SECTION-II

- Q5) a)** A fixed beam of variable flexural rigidity supports a concentrated load  $W$  as shown in Fig. 5a. Estimate the deflection under the load considering three sub intervals of the beam. Use finite difference method. [8]

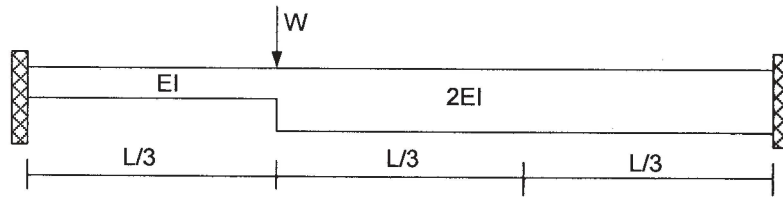


Fig. 5.a

- b)** A simply supported uniform rectangular plate of size 3m by 6m supports a uniformly distributed load of intensity  $500 \text{ kN/m}^2$  over one half of the plate as shown in Fig. 5b. Estimate the deflections at the interior nodes, assuming the thickness of the plate  $t = 50 \text{ mm}$ , Poisson's ratio  $= 0.25$  and Modulus of elasticity  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . Divide the plate into  $2 \times 4$  mesh. Use finite difference method. [9]

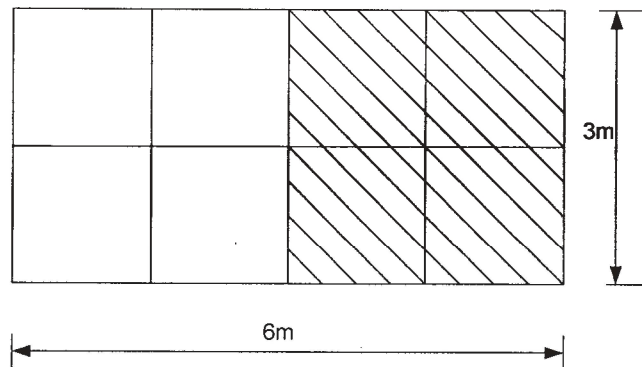


Fig 5.b

- Q6) a)** Values of  $y$  are given at values of  $x$  as shown below. [10]

|     |      |      |      |      |
|-----|------|------|------|------|
| $x$ | 1.0  | 1.5  | 4.0  | 6.0  |
| $y$ | 16.0 | 22.5 | 40.0 | 36.0 |

Calculate the value of  $y$  at  $x = 4.5$  using Lagrange interpolation Technique.

- b)** What do you understand by Spline interpolation? What are cubic splines? State the conditions for a spline to be cubic. [7]

**Q7) a)** With a schematic diagram show the coefficients of different operators for the second order, third order and fourth order central differences. **[5]**

b) The data given in table, fit a formula of the type  $y = a x^n$ . Find the values of  $a$  and  $n$  and hence the required formula. **[11]**

|     |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| $x$ | 10   | 20   | 30   | 40   | 50   | 60   | 70   | 80   |
| $y$ | 1.06 | 1.33 | 1.52 | 1.68 | 1.81 | 1.91 | 2.01 | 2.11 |

**Q8) a)** Compute the Integral  $\int_2^5 (1+x^4)dx$  using Gaussian three point formula. Compare it with Simpson's 3/8<sup>th</sup> rule by taking  $h = 1$ . **[8]**

b) A beam 9 m long simply supported at its ends supports uniformly distributed load of 4 kN/m over the entire length. Find a Fourier expression for the load. Calculate the deflection and bending moment at its centre. **[8]**

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