

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

P4479

[4860] -101

[Total No. of Pages : 3

**M.E. (Mechanical Engineering - Design Engineering)
c-ROBOTICS
(2008 Course) (Semester - I) (Elective-II)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 100

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer three questions from each section.*
- 2) Answer to the each section should be written in separate books.*
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 4) Use of electronic pocket calculator is allowed.*
- 5) Assume suitable data, if required.*

SECTION - I

- Q1)** a) Explain elements of Robotics and its working. **[6]**
- b) Give classification of robotic systems used in industry and write a note on one of the them. **[10]**

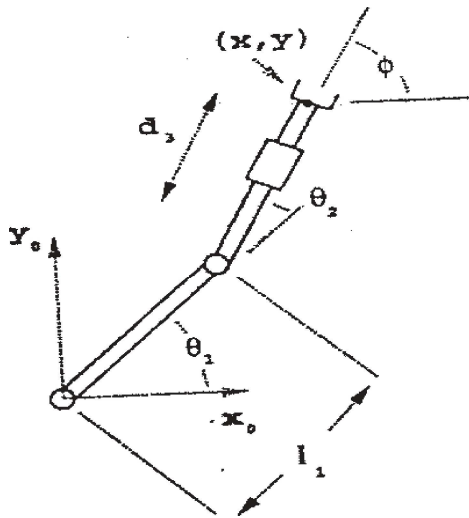
- Q2)** a) Explain following terms. **[10]**
- i) Point to point control
 - ii) Work volume
 - iii) Spatial resolution
 - iv) Precision and Accuracy
 - v) Continuous path controls.
- b) Explain step by step procedure for forward kinematics and why inverse kinematics produces multiple solutions? **[6]**

P.T.O.

- Q3) a)** Figure shows a planar three-degrees-of-freedom manipulator. The first two joints are revolute, and the third is prismatic. The end effector position (x, y) is expressed with respect to the (fixed) world coordinate frame (x_0, y_0) , and the orientation of the end effector is defined as the angle of the second link ϕ measured from the x_0 axis as shown. The link length l is constant. The joint variables are given by the angles θ_1 and θ_2 and the displacement d_3 , and are defined as shown. The example will be used throughout this section to demonstrate the ideas behind the various kinematic problems of interest.

Derive a relation for gripper position using matrix method.

[10]



- b)** Explain following configurations of robotic systems.

[6]

- i) 2R Robot
- ii) 3R Robot
- iii) 3P Robot

- Q4) a)** Explain iterative method used in Newton-Euler Dynamic formulation. [8]

- b)** Explain Lagrangian formulation of Manipulator.

[10]

SECTION - II

- Q5) a)** Write down the general considerations used in path description and generation. [10]

- b)** Explain cartesian and polar coordinate system in terms of robotic analysis and its formulations using PUMA robot. [6]

- Q6)** a) Explain working of Optical Encoders and write a difference between absolute and incremental encoders. [8]
b) Explain working of Touch and Slip Sensors. [8]
- Q7)** a) Write a note on Real-time operating systems used in robotics. [8]
b) Explain working of H-Bridge drives used in DC motor controls. [8]
- Q8)** Write note in following (Attempt any three). [18]
a) Overload current and stall detection methods.
b) Microprocessor based robot controllers.
c) Hydraulic and Pneumatic actuators in robotics.
d) Proximity Sensors
e) Velocity and Acceleration sensors.

