I otal No. of Questions: 12]	SEAT No. :
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## [4858]-1007 T.E. CIVIL (SEMETER-II) FOUNDATION ENGINEERING (2012 Pattern)

Time: 2½ Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q 1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6, Q7 or Q8, Q9 or Q10 and Q11 or Q12,
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume Suitable data, if necessary and mention it clearly.
- 5) Non programmable calculator is allowed.

## **SECTION-I**

- Q1) Describe various types of soil samples. What is area ratio? State its significance.[7]

  OR
- **Q2)** Explain Electrical Resistivity Method in accordance with:
- [7]

- a) Principle
- b) Procedure and sketch
- c) Limitation.
- **Q3)** A rectangular footing  $2m \times 3m$  rests on a c- $\phi$  soil, with its base at 1.5m below the ground surface. Calculate the safe bearing capacity, using factor of sefety of 3 on
  - a) Net bearing capacity and
  - b) ultimate bearing capacity. The soil has following parameters:  $\gamma=18\text{kN/m}^3$ , c=10kN/m<sup>2</sup>,  $\phi=30^\circ$ . (Use Terzaghi analysis) [6]

OR

Q4) Explain the effect of submergence on bearing capacity for different positions of ground level.[6]

**Q5)** The result of consolidation test on a clay sample conducted in the laboratory indicates time for completion of half of the ultimate compression as 9 min. The sample was having a thickness of 25mm and drained at top and bottom. Estimate the duration for same degree of consolidation for 2.5 m thick of same clay resting on impermeable rock formation with coarse sand deposit overlaying it. OR What is immediate settlement? Explain, how, it is evaluated. *Q6*) a) [3] b) In a consolidation test void ratio decreased from 0.70 to 0.65, when the load was changed from 50 kN/m<sup>2</sup>. Compute compression index and coefficient of volume change. [4] **SECTION-II Q7)** a) A group of 16 piles of 50 cm diameter is arranged with a center to center spacing of 1.0m. The piles are 9m long and are embedded in soft clay with cohesion 30 kN/m<sup>2</sup>. Bearing resistance may be neglected for the piles-Adhesion factor is 0.6. Determine the ultimate load capacity of the pile group. [6] b) Explain with sketches types of pile with basis of classification. [4] c) Explain the following: [6] i) Negative skin friction ii) Feld's Rule OR State the advantages and disadvantages of piers in comparison of pile **Q8**) a) foundation. [5] Explain how you decide bearing capacity of single pile by a conventional b) pile load test. [5] Explain with a neat sketch "Sand Island Method" for well sinking c) [6] Write a short note on "Sheet Pile".

**Q9**) a)

b)

c)

Discuss any three types of "Cofferdams" with its importance.

Explain the preloading technique with neat sketch.

[4]

[6]

[6]

<b>Q10)</b> a)	Explain any four Engineering problems associated with black consoil.	tton [6]
b)	Draw a neat sketch of Double under reamed pile founcation. Name various component parts.	the [5]
c)	Explain "Differential Free Swell Index Test".	[5]
<b>Q11)</b> a)	Explain the pheonomenon of Liquefaction for sandy soil and their effection	ects. [6]
b)	What is reinforced earth wall? Draw a neat sketch of reinforced e wall.	arth [6]
c)	What are functional requirement of various types of geosynthetics  OR	[6]
<i>Q12</i> ) a)	Write a short notes on "Types of Earthquakes"	[6]
~ /	Y-7	
b)	Explain the term.	[6]
	i) Magnitude of Earthquake	
	ii) Intensity of Earthquake	
c)	Explain the suitable methods for prevention of liquefaction of soil.	[6]

