

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

P4523

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[4760] - 1028

M.E. (Civil - structures) (Semester - I)
ADVANCED MECHANICS OF SOLID
(2013 Pattern) (Credit System)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates :

- 1) Answers any five questions from the following.*
- 2) Answers should be written in one answer book.*
- 3) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.*
- 4) Neat diagrams should be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 5) If necessary, assume suitable data.*
- 6) Use of nonprogrammable electronic pocket calculator is allowed.*
- 7) Use of Cell phone is prohibited in examinaion hall.*

Q1) a) Derive compatibility conditions in-terms of strains for 3D elasticity problem. **[5]**

b) Explain in brief stress tensor and strain tensor. **[5]**

Q2) a) Derive the stress equilibrium equation with usual notation. **[5]**

b) State and explain in brief Generalized Hook's law for Isotropic material. **[5]**

Q3) a) Derive the differential equations of equilibrium in terms of polar co-ordinates. **[5]**

b) Develop the relationship between the Cartesian and polar coordinates for two dimensional problems. **[5]**

Q4) a) Obtain stress componets when a concentrated load acting on the vertex of a wedge (Michell's problem). **[5]**

b) A thick cylinder of internal radius $r_i = 150$ mm and external radius $r_o = 260$ mm is subjected to an internal pressure $p_i = 60$ MPa. Show the variation of radial and circumferential stress across the section of thick cylinder. **[5]**

P.T.O.

- Q5) a)** A quarter circle beam of radius 1500 mm curved in plan is fixed at A and free at end B as shown in Fig. 5 a. It carries a vertical load $P = 30\text{kN}$ at its free end. Determine the shear force (V), bending moment (M) and twisting moment (T). Also determine deflection at point B. [7]

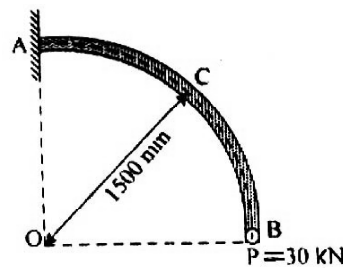


Fig. 5 a

- b) Draw the shear force (V), bending moment (M) and twisting moment (T) diagram for the beam shown in Fig. 5 a. [3]
- Q6) a)** Explain in details St. Venant's theory of torsion for prismatic bars of non-circular cross-sections. [5]
- b) Explain torsion of thin walled structures by membrane analogy. [5]
- Q7) a)** Show that the neutral axis of curve beam in elevation is below the centroidal axis towards the centre of curvature. [5]
- b) Differentiate beams curved in plan and elevation. Plot the bending stress distribution for rectangular section of the crane hook. [5]
- Q8) a)** Explain in details, Winkler type of foundation. [4]
- b) Explain in details of an infinite beam subjected to a single concentrated load related to beams on elastic foundation. [6]

