

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

**P3779**

**[4760]-91**

[Total No. of Pages : 3

**M.E. (Civil) (Water Resources and Environmental Engg.)**

**INDUSTRIAL WASTE MANAGEMENT**

**(2012 Course) (Semester - II) (Elective - III) (501611)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks :100*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.*
- 2) *Attempt any three questions from each section.*
- 3) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 4) *Figures to the right side indicate full marks.*
- 5) *Use of calculator is allowed.*
- 6) *Assume suitable data if necessary.*
- 7) *Use data sheet.*

**SECTION - I**

**Q1)** a) Explain physical, chemical & biological characteristics of industrial waste water. [8]

b) Explain design of CETP. [8]

**Q2)** a) Explain sampling technique. [8]

b) Explain techniques for reduction of waste. [8]

**Q3)** a) Plot the BOD curve and calculate Kt & Lt for the following data [8]

Time days	2	4	6	8	10
BOD mg/L	10	20	23	25	30

b) Explain the concept of self purification of stream. [8]

**Q4)** a) Explain different methods for removal of TDS. [8]

b) Explain working of digester. [8]

**P.T.O.**

- Q5) a)** The BOD of industrial W.W. for 1 day at 30°C has been found to be 110 mg/L. What will be the 5 day BOD at 20°C. Take  $K_D(20^\circ\text{C}) = 0.1$ . [9]
- b)** Explain the concept of anaerobic sludge digestion with three phases such as hydrolysis, acidogenesis, methanogenesis and also explain conventional sludge digester with diagram. [9]

### **SECTION - II**

- Q6) a)** The treated W.W. with flow of 2000 L/min is to be treated with PAC to reduced concentration of total organic nitrogen from 5 mg/L to 1 mg/L. The removal follows Freundlich adsorption isotherm in which capacity factor and intensity parameter are  $160 \text{ mg/gm (L/mg)}^{1/n}$  & 0.5 respectively. Determine PAC dose, PAC requirement and annual cost of PAC. Assume PAC cost to be Rs. 50/- per kg. [8]
- b)** Explain operation and maintenance problem of CETP. [8]
- Q7) a)** Draw a flow diagram for treating W.W. of dairy industry & show all treatment unit. [8]
- b)** Draw a flow diagram for treating W.W. of textile industry and show all treatment unit. [8]
- Q8) a)** Explain the electro dialysis process and determine power required for electro dialysis process for the following data. [8]
- i)  $Q = 4000 \text{ m}^3/\text{d}$ ,
  - ii)  $\text{TDS} = 2000 \text{ mg/L}$ ,
  - iii) No of Cells = 300
  - iv) Cation and anions concentration =  $0.011 \text{ Eq/L}$ ,
  - v) Salt removal Efficiency = 50%, Current efficiency = 90%.,  $R = 50 \text{ ohm}$  Use data sheet if required.
- b)** Explain importance of treatability index in waste water treatment. [8]

**Q9)a)** Explain the characteristics of sugar industrial waste with value and state disposal method of industrial treated waste with flow diagram. [8]

b) Write short note on water pollution act 1978. [8]

**Q10)a)** Design CETP for following data [9]

- i)  $Q = 150 \text{ m}^3/\text{d}$ ,
- ii)  $\text{pH} = 11 - 12$ .
- iii)  $\text{BOD at } 27^\circ\text{C} = 70 \text{ mg/L}$
- iv)  $\text{TDS} = 3000 \text{ mg/L}$
- v)  $\text{TS} = 6000 \text{ mg/L}$
- vi)  $\text{Iron concentration} = 700 \text{ mg/L}$
- vii)  $\text{COD} = 5000 \text{ mg/L at } 27^\circ\text{C}$

Find

- 1) Volume of sedimentation tank.
- 2) Acid required for neutralization if 3 lit acid required for 1  $\text{m}^3/\text{d}$  of E/F pH.
- 3) Quantity of lime required for removal of Iron take lime consumption as 1 mg/L of Iron required 0.5 mg/L of lime.
- 4) Select suitable method for removal of COD and BOD
- 5) F/M ratio

b) Write short note on hazardous waste management. [9]

*EEE*