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S.E. (Mechanical/Automobile) (I Sem.) EXAMINATION, 2015

FLUID MECHANICS

(2008 PATTERN)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

- N.B. :—**
- (i) Answer *three* questions from each Section.
 - (ii) Answers to the two Sections should be written in separate answer-books.
 - (iii) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
 - (iv) Use of scientific calculator is allowed.
 - (v) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

SECTION I

1. (a) Explain the following terms :
- (i) Compressibility
 - (ii) Surface tension
 - (iii) Viscosity
 - (iv) Capillarity. [8]
- (b) Discuss various types of flows. [8]
- (c) What is fluid ? What is the difference between real and ideal fluids ? [2]

P.T.O.

Or

2. (a) A 400 mm diameter shaft is rotating at 200 rpm in a bearing of length 120 mm. If the thickness of oil film is 1.5 mm and the dynamic viscosity of the oil is 0.7 N.s/m^2 , determine :
- (i) Torque required to overcome friction in bearing
 - (ii) Power utilized in overcoming viscous resistance. [8]
- (b) Explain :
- (i) Stream function
 - (ii) Velocity potential. [6]
- (c) Define :
- (i) Stream lines
 - (ii) Path lines and
 - (iii) Streak lines. [4]
3. (a) State and prove hydrostatic law. [8]
- (b) Explain with neat sketch the method of determining metacentric height of floating body. [8]

Or

4. (a) An isosceles triangular plate of base 3 m and altitude 3 m is immersed vertically in an oil of specific gravity 0.8. The base of the plate coincides with the free surface of oil. Determine :
- (i) Total pressure on the plate
 - (ii) Center of pressure. [8]
- (b) State and prove Pascal's law. [8]

5. (a) Derive an expression of Bernoulli's equation using first principle. [8]
- (b) A 300 mm \times 150 mm venturimeter is provided in a vertical pipeline carrying oil of specific gravity 0.9, flow being upward. The difference in elevation of the throat section and entrance section of the venturimeter is 300 mm. The differential U-tube mercury manometer shows a gauge deflection of 250 mm. Calculate :
- (i) The discharge of oil, and
- (ii) The pressure difference between the entrance section and the throat section.
- Take $C_d = 0.98$ and specific gravity of mercury as 13.6. [8]

Or

6. (a) Compare Venturimeter and Orifice meter. [4]
- (b) Discuss various arrangements of Pitot tube. [8]
- (c) List of forces acting on fluid mass. Explain the significance of each term. [4]

SECTION II

7. (a) Derive Hagen-Poiseuille equation for laminar flow in the circular pipes. [12]
- (b) What are repeating variables ? What points are important while selecting repeating variables ? [6]

Or

8. (a) Discharge Q of a centrifugal pump can be assumed to be dependent on density of liquid ρ , viscosity of liquid μ , pressure, impeller diameter D , and speed N in RPM. Using Buckingham π -theorem, show that :

$$Q = ND^3\phi\left[\frac{gH}{N^2D^2}, \frac{\nu}{ND^2}\right]. \quad [10]$$

- (b) Derive expression for velocity distribution for flow in fixed parallel plates. [8]

9. (a) Derive an expression for the power transmission through the pipes. Find also the condition for maximum transmission of power. [8]

- (b) A siphon of dia. 200 mm connects two reservoirs having a difference of elevation of 15 m. The total length of siphon is 400 m and the summit is 3 m above the water level in the upper reservoir. The length of siphon from upper reservoir to summit is 120 m. Take friction factor = 0.02, determine :

(i) Discharge through the siphon, and

(ii) Pressure at the summit.

Neglect minor losses. [8]

Or

10. (a) A piping system consists of three pipes arranged in series; the lengths of the pipes are 1200 m, 750 m and 600 m and diameters 750 mm, 600 mm and 450 mm respectively :
- (i) Transform the system to an equivalent 450 mm diameter pipe, and
 - (ii) Determine an equivalent diameter for the pipe, 2550 m long. [6]
- (b) Derive Darcy Weisbach equation. [6]
- (c) Explain minor losses occurred in pipe. [4]
11. (a) Discuss boundary layer development over flat plate. [8]
- (b) Discuss flow around cylinder and airfoil. [8]

Or

12. (a) Write a short note on “Separation of Boundary Layer, its Control”. [8]
- (b) A plate 450 mm × 150 mm has been placed longitudinally in a stream of crude oil (specific gravity 0.925 and kinematic viscosity of 0.9 stokes) which flows with velocity of 6 m/s. Calculate :
- (i) The friction drag on the plate,
 - (ii) Thickness of the BL at the trailing edge, and
 - (iii) Shear stresses at the trailing edge. [8]