

Total No. of Questions : 8]

P5063

(10)

MAY 2016

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[4960]-1053

M. E. (Civil) (Water Resource & Environmental Engg.)
ADVANCED WATER & WASTE WATER TREATMENT
(2013 Pattern)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer any five questions.*
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 4) Use of logarithmic tables, slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.*
- 5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.*

Q1) Explain in detail the principle and working of electro dialysis and ion exchange for water and waste water treatment. **[10]**

Q2) Discuss the principle, concept and necessity of aeration. Explain various methods of aeration with neat sketches. **[10]**

Q3) What is theory of filtration? Explain in detail components, under drainage system, cleaning and operational troubles in RSGF. **[10]**

Q4) Design an aerated grit chamber for the treatment of municipal wastewater. The average flow rate is $0.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$. Take peak factor as 2.75. **[10]**

Q5) Design an activated sludge process for municipal wastewater flow rate of $8000 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$, BOD of settled effluent = 180 mg/l , expected BOD of treated effluent = 10 mg/l , yield coefficient = 0.5 kg/kg ; $k_d = 0.05/\text{day}$, MLSS = 3000 mg/l , return sludge solids concentration = $10,000 \text{ mg/l}$, and mean cell residence time is 10 days. **[10]**

P.T.O.

Determine

- i) Volume of reactor
- ii) F/M ratio
- iii) VLR
- iv) Oxygen requirement
- v) Recycle ratio &
- vi) BOD removal efficiency

Q6) Design a high rate trickling filter using NRC equations for **[10]**

- i) Sewage flow = 5MLD
- ii) Recirculation ratio = 1.5
- iii) BOD of raw sewage = 300 mg/l
- iv) BOB removal in PST = 35%
- v) Final effluent BOD desired = 30 mg/l

Q7) Explain the methods of sludge treatment and disposal with their advantages and disadvantages. **[10]**

Q8) State the sources of waste water from manufacturing process, characteristics of effluent for dairy and automobile industry. Draw the treatment flow charts. **[10]**

