Seat	
No.	

[4957]-120

S.E. (Mechanical/Auto.) (Second Semester) EXAMINATION, 2016

PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY

(2008 Pattern)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

- **N.B.** :— (i) Answers to the two Sections should be written in separate answer-books.
 - (ii) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
 - (iii) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
 - (iv) Use of non-programmable electronic pocket calculator is allowed.
 - (v) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
 - (vi) Answer Q. 1 or Q. 2, Q. 3 or Q. 4, Q. 5 or Q. 6. from Section I and Q. 7 or Q. 8, Q. 9 or Q. 10, Q. 11 or Q. 12 from Section II.

Section I

- 1. (a) In orthogonal cutting operation, the feed is 0.1 mm/rev and the chip thickness is 0.3 mm. The cutting force is 1400 N and the feed thrust force is 800N. Rake angle of the tool is 12° cutting speed is 25 m/min. Find:
 - (i) Shear plane angle
 - (ii) Shear force
 - (iii) Normal force
 - (iv) Coefficient of friction on the face of the tool
 - (v) Power consumed at tool in kW.

	(<i>b</i>)	Explain basic requirements of cutting fluids.	6]
		Or	
2.	(a)	While machining the following are observations as uncut che thickness is 0.27 mm, chip thickness is 0.7 mm, rake ang is 10° , cutting force is 900N and Feed force is 450N.	
		Calculate:	
		(i) Chip thickness ratio	
		(ii) Shear angle	
		(iii) Coefficient of friction	
		(iv) Shear stress	
		(v) Friction angle. [1	0]
	<i>(b)</i>	Explain with sketch types of chip breakers and why they are required.	re 6]
3.	(a)	Explain with sketch self-opening die heads.	8]
	<i>(b)</i>	Explain with sketch Gear Grinding.	8]
		Or	
4.	(a)	State types and explain rack planning process with a new sketch.	at 8]
	(<i>b</i>)	With sketch explain reciprocating flat die machine and cylindric die machines used for thread rolling.	al 8]
5.	(a)	State advantages, disadvantages and applications of CN machines.	[C
	<i>(b)</i>	Explain with a neat sketch HMC and VMC. [1	0]
		Or	
6.	(a)	Explain DNC machines with advantages and disadvantages. What	at
		is AGV ?	
[495	7]-120	2	

Section II 7. [8] (a)Explain with neat sketch power press machine. (*b*) Explain the following press operations: $\lceil 10 \rceil$ Blanking, Piercing, Notching, Lancing, Drawing. Or8. (a)Explain with sketch types of strippers. [8] (*b*) A rectangular plate with 20 mm internal hole, 35 mm length, 25 mm width and is made of 2 mm thickness strip of C45 material. Given ultimate shear strength 300 N/mm², penetration 62% of sheet thickness, clearance 10% of sheet thickness. Find: (*i*) Cutting force without staggering and no shear. (ii)Cutting force with staggering and no shear. (iii)Cutting force with staggering and with full shear. (iv)Comment on the above answer. (v)Dimensions of die and punch for first draw. [10] 9. (a)What is Laser? Explain LBM in detail with neat sketch. [8] (*b*) Explain plasma arc machining in detail with neat sketch. Which are commonly used gases in Pam and applications. [8] OrExplain Electro-Discharge machining in detail with sketch. State 10. (a)advantages, limitations and applications. [8] 3 P.T.O. [4957]-120

Write the functions of the following codes:

G01, M03, G02, M09, M23, M06, G91, G63

[8]

(*b*)

	<i>(b)</i>	Explain Electro-Chemical Machining with sketch. State parameters		
		in ECM.	[8]	
11.	(a)	Explain design principles of locating system and with sk	etch	
		explain support pins used for this purposes.	[8]	
	<i>(b)</i>	Explain 3-2-1 principle of location.	[8]	
		Or		
12.	(a)	Explain types of bushes used in jigs.	[8]	
	<i>(b)</i>	State various types of jigs and explain any one in detail	with	
		neat sketch.	[8]	