P1625

[5058]-71

T.E.(Electronics) FEEDBACK CONTROL SYSTEM (2008 Course)(Semester-I)(304201)

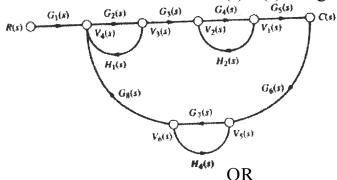
Time :3Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

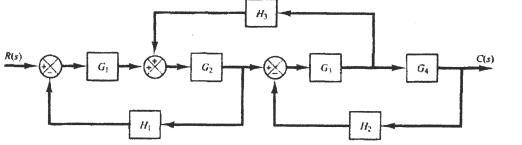
- 1) Answer any three questions from each section.
- 2) Answer three questions from section- I and three questions from section- II.
- 3) Answer to the two sections should be written in separate books.
- *4) Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary and Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 5) Use of logarthmic tables, slide rule, Molier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.
- 6) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

SECTION-I

- *Q1)* a) Distinguish between:
 - i) Block diagram method with signal flow method.
 - ii) Open loop and closed loop system.
 - b) Find the transfer Function R(s)/C(s) using Manson's gain Formula. [8]



- Q2) a) Explain with neat diagram and waveform working principle of synchro error detector. [6]
 - b) Reduce the following block diagram into a single equivalent block using block diagram reduction technique. [10]



[Max. Marks : 100

[Total No. of Pages : 3

[8]

Q3) a) An unity feedback system has a loop T.F $G(S) = \frac{40(s+2)}{s(s+1)(s+4)}$

Determine: Type of system, Error coefficients & Error for ramp input with magnitude 4. [10]

b) State Routh's criteria. A unity feedback control system has F(s)= s(s²+s+1) (s+4)+K. Find the range of k for the stability of the system using Routh's criteria. [6]

OR

- **Q4)** a) A system is given by $H(s) = \frac{25}{s^2 + 6s + 25}$ Determine time domain specifications. [10]
 - b) Use Routh-Hurwitz criterion and determine: $s^4+2s^2+1=0$ [6]
 - i) Number of roots in left of s -plane
 - ii) Number of roots in right of s-plane
 - iii) Number of roots on imaginary axis.
- **Q5)** a) A unity feedback control system has open loop transfer function as: $G(s) = \frac{100}{s(1+0.1s)(1+0.2s)}$. Sketch bode plot and determine from it:
 - i) Gain Crossover frequency
 - ii) Phase crossover frequency
 - iii) Gain margin
 - iv) Phase margin
 - v) Closed loop stability of a system. [12]
 - b) Write short note on Frequency Domain Specifications [6]

OR

Q6) a) Sketch the Nyquist plot and determine the stability of the following open loop transfer function of unity feedback control systems.

G.H(s) =
$$\frac{K(s+2)}{s^2(s+4)}$$
 [12]

b) Explain Nyquist stability criterion based on mapping theorem. [6]

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SECTION-II

Q7) a) Obtain the state model of the system whose transfer function is given by

$$T(s) = \frac{5s^2 + 6s + 8}{s^3 + 3s^2 + 7s + 9}$$
[8]

b) Consider a control system with state model

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$
[8]

[8]

- *Q8*) a) Explain the following terms:
 - i) State
 - ii) State variables
 - iii) State equations
 - iv) State transition matirx.
 - b) Obtain state model for system represented by

$$(d^{3}y/dt^{3})+6(d^{2}y/dt^{2})+11(dy/dt)+10y = 3u(t)$$
 [8]

b) Explain different types level meter. [8]

OR

- *Q10*)a) What is PLC? Draw and explain architecture of PLC [10]
 - b) Explain PID control mode, stating its characteristics. [8]
- **Q11)**a) Explain with neat diagram the biological and artificial neuron models.[8]
 - b) Distiguish between feed forward neural network and recurrent neural network. [8]

OR

- Q12)a) Explain how Fuzzy logic control scheme can be applied for temperature control of process. [8]
 - b) What is Fuzzy set and membership function? Explain with suitable example. [8]

