

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

P1766

[5058]-406

[Total No. of Pages : 4

**T.E.(Information Technology)
SYSTEMS PROGRAMMING
(2012 Course)(Semester-II)**

Time :2½Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Answer Q1 or Q2,Q3or Q4, Q5 or Q6 , Q 7 or Q 8, Q 9 or Q10.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 4) *Assume suitable data if necessary.*

Q1) a) Show the contents of various tables alongwith stack organization generated by the II pass macro processor for the following code. Also give the code after expansion.

```
MACRO
EVAL & X,&Y,&Z
AIF (&Y EQ&Z). ONLY
LOAD &X
SUB &Y
ADD &Z
AGO .OVER
.OONLY LOAD &Z
.OVERMEND
MACRO
MAJOR &P,&Q,&R,&M,&N,&L
EVAL &P&Q&R
STORE &L
EVAL &M,&N,&N
MEND
START
MAJOR A,B,C,D,E,F
A DS 1
B DS 2
C DS 3
D DS 4
E DS 5
F DS 6
END
```

[8]

P.T.O.

- b) Define the following terms with examples. [2]
- | | |
|----------------|--------------------|
| i) Compiler | ii) Loader |
| iii) Assembler | iv) Macroprocessor |

OR

- Q2) a)** Give the various data structures in the design of pass-1 and pass-2 of a Two-pass direct linking loader for the given example.

	Rel.Addr.
PGA START	0
ENTRY PGA1	10
EXTRN PGB	20
DC A(PGA), A(PGB+4)	30
PGA1 DC A(PGA1-PGA)	34
END	
PGB START	0
ENTRY PGB1	5
EXTRN PGA	10
PGB1 DC A(PGB1)	14
PGB2 DC A(PGB+4), A(PGB1-PGB)	18
PGB3 DC A(PGB-PGA-16)	22
END	

[8]

- b) Explain the different phases of a compiler. [2]

- Q3) a)** Perform Pass I and Pass II for the given assembly language code and assume a hypothetical instruction set with each instruction of length 1

```

START 500
MOVER AREG, LAB
ADD BREG, LOOP
L1 DS 20
LOAD AREG,='5'
ADD BREG,='1'
BACK EQU L1
L2 SUB CREG, LAB
LTORG
MOVEM AREG, LAB
ORIGIN L2
SUB BREG,='2'
LAB DC 2
LOOP DS 5
STOP
END

```

[8]

- b) Explain the concept of subroutine linkages in loaders and linkers. [2]

OR

- Q4)** a) Write a note on overlay structure of loaders. [4]

- b) Convert the given regular expression of DFA: [6]

$(a+b)^*+(a+\epsilon)^*$

- Q5)** a) Differentiate between top down parser and bottom up parser. [4]

- b) For the given grammar, design predictive parser and show parsing table.
 $S \rightarrow +SS/*SS/ a$ and parse the string $+*aaa$. Justify [8]

- c) Using the given table perform operator precedence parser for the expression $id+id*id$ [6]

	+	-	*	/	^	id	(	)	S
+	>	>	<	<	<	<	<	>	>
-	>	>	<	<	<	<	<	>	>
*	>	>	>	>	<	<	<	>	>
/	>	>	>	>	<	<	<	>	>
^	>	>	>	>	<	<	<	>	>
id	>	>	>	>	>			>	>
(	<	<	<	<	<	<	<		
)	>	>	>	>	>			>	>
S	<	<	<	<	<	<	<		

OR

- Q6)** a) Compare SLR and table driven parsing methods. [4]

- b) Define Handle and handle pruning w.r.t bottom up parser. For the grammar given, $S \rightarrow SS+/SS*/a$.

Identify the handles at each step and parse the string $aaa*a++$. [4]

- c) Design SLR parser for the given grammar. Also show the moves by the parser for input string $"a/(a+a)*a"$. [10]

$S \rightarrow S+S/SS / (S)/ S*S/a$

- Q7)** a) Define and explain annotated parse tree for the given grammar [8]

$E \rightarrow E+T / T$

$T \rightarrow T*F / F$

$F \rightarrow id$

Annotate the tree for $2+3*5$

- b) Which are the different types of intermediate code representations. Explain w.r.t the expression. [8]

$$v1=(v2-v3)*(v2+2*v3)$$

OR

- Q8)** a) Draw the dependency graph of the expression in Q7a) and list down the synthesized and inherited attributes with definition. [8]

- b) Write the method of generating intermediate code for the expression [8]

If (condition) then $p=q+r$

Else $x=y+z$

- Q9)** a) Obtain the TAC for the following code. [8]

for($i=1$; $i \leq 10$; $i++$)

$X[i][2*j-1] = Y[i][2*j-1]$

- b) Discuss code generation issues [4]

- c) Write a short note on activation record. [4]

OR

- Q10)** a) Discuss with suitable example machine dependent code optimization. [8]

- b) Explain the following code optimization techniques with examples. [8]

i) Removal of Loop Invariants

ii) Elimination of common sub expressions

iii) Dead Code Elimination

iv) Copy Propagation

