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## **DECEMBER 2017 / ENDSEM**

## F. Y. B. TECH. (COMMON) (SEMESTER - I)

COURSE NAME: Engineering Chemistry COURSE CODE:ES10175B

(2017 PATTERN) Time: [2 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50] (\*) Instructions to candidates: Answer Q.1 OR Q.2, Q.3 OR Q.4 and Q.5 Figures to the right indicate full marks. Use of scientific calculator is allowed Use suitable data where ever required Define Corrosion. Give any 2 factors affecting rate of dry corrosion. Q.1) a) [6 marks] Write reaction of following metals with oxygen and identify types of oxide films formed. (i) Na (ii) Al (iii) Ag (iv) Mo Give principle involved in cathodic protection. Explain cathodic b) [6 marks] protection of metal by sacrificial anodic protection and impressed current cathodic protection Explain any four factors affecting rate of corrosion on the basis of c) [4 marks] nature of metal. OR Explain wet corrosion with hydrogen evolution mechanism and [6 marks] Q.2) a) oxygen absorption mechanism. Define electroplating. Explain electroplating with figure, process, [6 marks] b) reactions, 2 advantages and 2 applications. c) Explain any four factors affecting rate of corrosion on the basis of [4 marks] nature of environment. Q.3) a) Define fuel cell. Explain working with reactions, figure, two [6 marks] advantages and two disadvantages of Polymer Electrolyte Membrane fuel cell (PEMFC). Write electrode reactions of dry cell (Zn - MnO<sub>2</sub> cell). Give two b) [4 marks] advantages and two disadvantages of it.

	c)	Mention any four outstanding features of lithium batteries in comparison with conventional batteries.	[4 marks]	
		OR		
Q4)	a)	Discuss the charging and discharging electrode reaction of lead acid battery. Give two advantages and two disadvantages of it.	[6 marks]	
	b)	Give any four merits and four demerits of fuel cell.	[4 marks]	
	c)	Write electrode reactions of Ni-Cd cell. Give any four applications	[4 marks]	
	C)	of it.		
Q.5)		Attempt following multiple choice questions: [1x	20=20marks]	
	1)	The process used to decrease concentration of salts in water by applying direct electric current is	[1 mark]	
		(a) Ion exchange (b) Reverse osmosis		. 7
	2)	(c) Electrodialysis (d) Osmosis Cation exchange resin has a functional group	[1 mark]	
	2)		[I mark]	
	•	(c) -CH <sub>4</sub> (d) -SO <sub>4</sub>	[1 mark]	
	3)	Sodium zeolite or permutit can be represented as	[I mark]	
		(a) $AI_2O_3Mg_2O.xSiO_2.yH_2O$ (b) $Na_2O.AI_2O_3.xSiO_2.yH_2O$		
		(c) Ca <sub>2</sub> 0.Si <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>3</sub> .xNa <sub>2</sub> 0.yH <sub>2</sub> 0 (d) AI <sub>2</sub> 0 <sub>3</sub> Si <sub>2</sub> 0.xNa <sub>2</sub> 0.yH <sub>2</sub> 0	[1 mark]	
	4)	Foaming can be prevented in low pressure boilers, by adding	[1 mark]	
		antifoaming agents like		
		(a) Mineral oil (b) Castor oil		
		(c) Refined oil (d) Crude oil	[1 mork]	
	5)	Bicarbonate alkalinity of water is determined by using the indicator	[1 mark]	
		(a) Methyl orange (b) Phenolphthalein		
	-	(c) Phenol red (d) Cresol red	[1 moult]	
	6)	On dilution equivalent conductance of a solution will	[1 mark]	
		(a) Decrease (b) Increase		
	-	(c) Remains unaltered (d) None of these	[1 mark]	
	7)	Glass electrode is an example of	[I mark]	
		(a) Indicator electrode (b) Primary electrode		
		(c) Redox electrode (d) None of these	[1 mark]	
	8)	The cell emf at equivalence point in the titration of Fe <sup>+2</sup> versus Ce <sup>+4</sup>	[I mark]	
		is (1) 1 1 1 V		
		(a) 0.11 V (b) 0.75 V (c) 1.45 V (d) 1.1 V	[1	
	9)	$\pi \to \pi^*$ transitions will not be possible in	[1 mark]	
		(a) Benzene (b) Ethane		
		(c) Ethylene (d) H-CHO		
	10)	When absorption intensity of a compound is increased in UV -	[1 mark]	
		Visible spectroscopy, the effect is known as		
		(a) Hypsochromic shift (b) Hypochromic shift		
		(c) Bathochromic shift (d) Hyperchromic shift		

11)	Biodiesel is obtained from vegetable oil or animal oil by a chemical reaction called	[1 mark]			
	(a) Fractional distillation (b) Emulsification				
	(c) Trans esterification (d) Biological fermentation				
12)	In power alcohol, ethanol is blended with petrol and used as	[1 mark]			
	a fuel In IC engine.				
	(a) 80 - 90% (b) 40 - 50%				
	(c) 20 - 25% (d) Less than 10 %				
13)	Octane number of is arbitrarily zero.	[1 mark]			
	(a) Isooctane (b) Hexadecane				
	(c) n-heptane (d) 2-methyl naphthalene				
14)	To get more accurate results the corrections considered while	[1 mark]			
	calculating the calorific value of a fuel by bomb calorimeter are				
	(a) Cooling Correction (b) Fuse Wire Correction				
	(c) Acid Correction (d) All of these				
15)	A good fuel has calorific value and ignition	[1 mark]			
	temperature.				
	(a) High, moderate (b) Low, moderate				
	(c) High, high (d) Moderate, low				
16)	Which of the following is a trifunctional monomer?	[1 mark]			
	a) Formaldehyde b) Phenol				
4.50	c) Vinyl chloride d) Ethylene glycol	[1]			
17)	Which of the following statement is true?	[1 mark]			
	a) Bulky group increases T <sub>g</sub>				
	b) Higher the flexibility, higher is T <sub>g</sub>				
	c) Higher molecular weight polymer show low T <sub>g</sub>				
10)	d) Addition of plasticizer increase T <sub>g</sub>	[1 mould			
18)	Bulk polymerization techniques uses	[1 mark]			
	a) monomer dispersed in water				
	b) monomer dispersed in water with emulsifier c)only monomer and initiator				
	d) monomer and initiator along with solvent				
19)	Urea formaldehyde resin is an example of resin	[1 mark]			
17)		[I mark]			
	a) thermoplastic b) thermosetting c) thermoelastic d) thermotropic				
20)	Polyacetylene is an example of	[1 mark]			
20)	a) biodegradable polymer b) conducting polymer	[v mery]			
	c) electroluminescent polymer d) liquid crystal polymer				
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