G.R. No.

Paper Code - U127-101 (RE-FRFF)

JUNE- 2018/ RE- EXAM ___ :

F. Y. B. TECH. (COMMON) (SEMESTER - II)

COURSE NAME: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS II

COURSE CODE: ES12171

(2017 PATTERN)

Time: [2 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 50]

- (*) Instructions to candidates:
- 1) Answer Q.1 OR Q.2, Q.3 OR Q.4 and Q.5
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Use of scientific calculator is allowed
- 4) Use suitable data where ever required
- Q.1)a) Find the equation of the sphere which touches the plane 2x-y-2z-4=0 at the point (1,2,-2) and passes through the point (-1,0,0).

[6]

- b) Find the equation of the right circular cone which passes through the point (1,1,1), has its axis equally inclined to the three coordinate axes and vertex at point (1,0,1).
- c) Find the equation of the right circular cylinder of radius 2 and whose axis lies along the straight line $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+3}{-1} = \frac{z-2}{5}$. [4]

OR

- Q.2)a) Find the sphere through the circle $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$; z = 0 meeting the plane x + 2y + 2z = 0 in a circle of radius of 3.
 - b) Obtain the equation of a right circular cone which passes through the point (2, 1, 3) with vertex at (1, 1, 2) and axis parallel to the

line
$$\frac{x-2}{2} = \frac{y-1}{-4} = \frac{z+2}{3}$$
. [6]

c) Find the equation of the right circular cylinder of radius 5 and whose axis is the straight line $\frac{x-2}{2} = \frac{y-3}{1} = \frac{z+1}{1}$.

Q.3) a) Evaluate:
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \frac{\cos^{-1} x dx dy}{\sqrt{(1-x^2-y^2)(1-x^2)}}$$

[6]

b) Evaluate: $\iint_{\mathbb{R}} \frac{x^2 y^2}{x^2 + y^2} dx dy$, where R is annulus between $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and $x^2 + y^2 = 9$.

[4]

c) Find the volume enclosed between the cylinders $x^2 + y^2 = 2ax$ and $z^2 = 2ax$.

[4]

Q.4)a)Evaluate:
$$\int_{0}^{\log 2} \int_{0}^{x} \int_{0}^{x+y} e^{x+y+z} dx dy dz$$

[6]

b) Evaluate: $\iiint \frac{z^2}{x^2 + v^2 + z^2} dx dy dz$, where V is the volume bounded

by $x^2 + v^2 + z^2 = 2$.

[4]

- c) Find the area between the curve $xy^2 = a^2(a-x)$ and its asymptote. [4]
- Q.5) Attempt the following: [2 marks each]

[20]

- a) Find the differential equation whose general solution is $y = 3 + \sqrt{cx}$, where c is an arbitrary constant.
- b) Find the differential equation whose general solution is $y = A \cos(\log x) + B \sin(\log x)$, where A & B are arbitrary constants.
- c) Find the integrating factor of the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{1+x^2} = x^2$.
- d) Find the differential equation of orthogonal trajectories of family of curves $2x^2 + y^2 = cx$.
- e) The temperature of the air is 30°C and the substance cools from 100°C to 70°C in 15 minutes. If differential equation by Newton's law of is $\frac{d\theta}{dt} = -k(\theta - 30)$, then find the value of k.
- f) Find the value of $\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-2x} x^4 dx$

- g) For the certain data if $a_0 = 1.5$, $a_1 = 0.373$, $b_1 = 1.004$ then find the amplitude of 1st harmonic.
- h) If $I(a) = \int_0^{a^2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a}\right) dx$, then find $\frac{dI}{da}$.
- i) Find the value of erfc(x) + erfc(-x).
- j) Choose the correct option for the following:
- 1)A double point is Cusp if,
- a)Two branches have distinct tangents
- b)Tangent line cuts the curve unusually
- c)Two branches have a common tangent
- d)None of the above
- 2) The parametric curve x = f(t), y = g(t) is symmetric about x -axis if,
- a)f(t) is even and g(t) is an odd function of t
- b)Both f(t) and g(t) are odd functions of t
- c)f(t) is an odd and g(t) is even function of t
- d)Both f(t) and g(t) are even functions of t