

Total No. of Questions – [4]

Total No. of Printed Pages 2

G.R. No.

Paper code - U127-105B(T2)

MARCH 2018 / IN - SEM (T2)

F. Y. B.TECH. (COMMON) (SEMESTER - II)

COURSE NAME : Engineering Chemistry

(2017 PATTERN)

Time : [1 Hour]

[Max. Marks : 30]

(*) Instructions to candidates:

- 1) Answer Q.1 OR Q.2, Q.3 OR Q.4
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Use of scientific calculator is allowed
- 4) Use suitable data where ever required

- Q.1) a) i) Define GCV and NCV [6]
ii) A sample of coal contains: C= 92%, H = 6% and ash = 2%. The following data were obtained when above coal was tested in bomb calorimeter:
Weight of coal burnt = 0.9 gm
Weight of water taken = 546 gm
Water equivalent of bomb calorimeter = 2250 gm
Rise in temperature = 2.4°C
Acid correction = 50 cal
Fuse wire correction = 15 cal
Calculate GCV and NCV assuming latent heat of condensation of steam as 587 cal/gm
- b) Define cetane number. Explain cetane number determination with example. [6]
Explain effect of chemical structure on cetane number. Explain improvement of cetane number.
- c) Analysis of a fuel gave C=85%, H = 3%, O = 1.5%, S = 0.5%, H_2O = 0.2%, N= 0.6% and remaining ash. Calculate minimum weight of air required for complete combustion of 1 kg of fuel. [4]
- OR
- Q.2) a) Give 6 difficulties in storage and transportation of hydrogen [6]
b) Define power alcohol. Give 3 advantages and 3 disadvantages of power alcohol. [6]
c) Volumetric analysis of producer gas used as a fuel is as, H_2 = 20%, CO = 18%, N_2 = 50%, CH_4 = 2%, CO_2 = 10%. If 25% excess air is used, find the volume of air actually supplied per m^3 of the gas. [4]
- Q.3) a) Define crystallinity of polymers. Explain any five factors affecting on it. [6]
b) Give four points of differences between thermosetting and thermosoftening polymer. [4]
c) Define functionality of monomer. Explain bifunctional, trifunctional and tetrafunctional monomers with examples. [4]

OR

- Q.4) a) Define liquid crystal polymers. Explain thermotropic and lyotropic liquid crystal polymers with example. Give two applications of liquid crystal polymers. [6]
- b) Define glass transition temperature. Discuss the effect of side groups, intermolecular forces and molecular weight on T_g of polymer. [4]
- c) Compare suspension polymerization and emulsion polymerization techniques [4]
-