Total No. of Questions : 12]

P2392

[5153]-15

T.E. (Mechanical /Automobile) **Computer Oriented Numerical Methods** (2008 Pattern) (Semester-I) (302045)

Time : 3 Hours] Instructions to the candidates:

- Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books. 1)
- 2) Answer any three questions from each section.
- 3) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- Use of calculator is allowed. 5)
- Assume suitable data, if necessary. 6)

SECTION-I

Use Simpson's 3/8 rule to evaluate [8] b)

$$I = \int_{1}^{2} \frac{1}{x} dx$$

OR

- Draw Flow chart for 'Gauss Quadrature 3 Point Formula'. [8] *Q2*) a)
 - b) Apply Newton Raphson Method to determine the root of equation [8] $f(x)=x^3-4x+1=0$ to an accuracy of 0.001, take x1=0
- Draw flowchart for 'Newton's Backward Difference' Interpolation. [8] *Q3*) a)
 - Determine y' and y" at x=0 for following data b)

X	0	1	2	3	4
У	2	5	10	22	34

P.T.O.

[8]

[Total No. of Pages : 4

[Max. Marks : 100

SEAT No. :

Q4) a) Explain:

Interpolation

Inverse Interpolation

Extrapolation

b) Find f(4.2) using Newton's Forward Difference

X	4	6	8	10	12
F(x)	93	259	569	1071	1813

- Q5) a) Draw Flow Chart for finding values of unknown variables by BackSubstitution in Gauss-Elimination method. [6]
 - b) Solve following set of equations using Gauss Elimination Method. [12]

$$x+y+z=9$$

2x-3y+4z=13
3x+4y+5z=40

OR

- *Q6*) a) Explain partial pivoting with example. [6]
 - b) Using Gauss Siedel method, solve the following set of simultaneous equations up to two decimal place accuracy. [12]

$$27x+6y-z=85$$

 $6x+15y+2z=72$
 $x+y+54z=110$

2

[6]

[10]

SECTION-II

Q7) a)	Explain the following with suitable example	[8]
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- i) significant Digit
- ii) Inherent Error
- iii) Rounding error
- iv) Truncation error
- b) Fit a straight line through following set of points

 x
 1
 2
 3
 4

 y
 0.17
 0.18
 0.23
 0.32

 OR

- **Q8)** a) Draw flow chart to fit an equation $y=ax^b$ using Least Square Method.[8]
 - b) Fit an equation $y=ab^x$ through following set of points [8]

[8]

X	1	2	3	4
у	4	11	35	100

- Q9) a) Draw flow chart to solve Ordinary differential equations using Euler's method.[8]
 - b) Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x+y}$. with initial conditions as y(0)=1, find y(0.1) with step size of 0.05. Use Runge Kutta 4th order method. [8]

OR

Q10(a) Draw flow chart to solve simultaneous first order differential equations using RK4 method.[8]

b) Solve the equation
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy$$
. Given the initial condition y(0)=2, find
y(0.3) taking step size of 0.1 and accuracy of 0.001 using Modified
Euler's formula. [8]

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Q11)a) Draw flow chart to solve Parabolic Equation by Explicit Method. [8]

b) Solve the partial differential equation

 $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = -10 (x^2 + y^2 + 10)$ Over the square with x = y = 0 and x = y = 3, with u = 0 on the boundary and mesh length 1.

[10]

OR

- **Q12)**a) Draw flow chart to solve Laplace Equation for given no of iterations.[8]
 - b) Evaluate the pivotal values of the following equation taking h=1 and upto one half of the period of vibration, [10]

$$16\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}$$

Given that u(0,t) = u(5,t) = 0; $u(x,0) = x^2(5-x)$ and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x,0) = 0$

