Total No. of Questions: 10]	SEAT No.:
D2111	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5254]-502

		[3234] 302				
		B. E. (Civil)				
		TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING				
	(2012 Pattern) (Semester - I)					
Time	2: 2 ¹ /	[Max. Mark	cs : 70			
Instr	ructio	ions to the candidates:				
	<i>1</i>)	Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4 and Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q8, Q.9 or Q.10.				
	<i>2</i>)	Answer to the two sections should be written in separate books.				
	<i>3</i>)	Figures to the right indicate full marks.				
	<i>4</i>)	Use of logarithmic tables, slide rule, Mollies charts, electronics p calculator and steam tables is allowed.	ocket			
	<i>5</i>)	Assume suitable data if necessary.				
	6)	Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.				
Q1)	a)	State comparison between Nagpur road plan and Bombay Road plan	an.[5]			
	b)	Explain in brief the factors controlling an highway alignment.	[5]			
		OR				
Q2)	a)	Explain in brief the following:	[5]			
		i) PCU ii) O and D Survey				
	b)	Define Unevenness Index. Explain in brief how it is measured	[5]			
Q 3)	a)	Design the superelevation required for a road curve of 240 m radius mixed traffic conditions. The design speed is 80 Kmph. The coeff of friction is 0.15. The road is passing through rolling terrain.				
	b)	Write a short note on Marshall Stability Test	[5]			
		OR				
Q4)	a)	Draw a neat cross section of flexible pavement. Explain in brief fund of various layers of flexible pavement	ctions [5]			
	b)	The CBR value of the subgrade is 6 percent. Calculate the total thic of pavement using design formula developed by U.S. Corps of Engine Assume wheel load = 4082 Kg. Tyre pressure = 7 Kg/cm ² .				

P.T.O.

Q 5)	a)	Draw a neat sketch showing the component parts of aeroplane. [6]				
	b)	Write a note on Basic Runway length and Orientation of Runway.[3+3=6]				
	c)	How is the minimum turning radius is decided			[4]	
			OR			
Q6)	a)	How can the plotting of wind rose diagram can be done				
	b)	Explain in brief the following: [2				
		i)	Holding Apron			
		ii)	Tricycle undercarriage			
		iii)	Instrument runway			
	c)	What are the factors which influence the location of an airport. [4]				
Q 7)	a)	Explain in brief the following:				
		i)	Submersible Bridge	ii)	Class B Bridge	
		iii)	Skew Bridges	iv)	Through Bridges	
	b)	What is Afflux? How it is estimated. [6				
	c)	Explain in brief the significance of following terms in bridge design: $[2 + 2 + 2 = 6]$				
		i)	Clearance above HFL			
		ii)	Size of opening			
		iii)	Fixing waterway			
			OR			
Q 8)	a)	Calculate the peak runoff for designing a bridge across a stream, given Catchment Length = 6 Km; H= 25 m; Area of catchment(A) = 10 sq km; Runoff coefficient = 0.285; The severest storm in 20 years dropped 15cm rain in 2.5 hours; Type of catchment = Loamy soil largely cultivated. [6]				
	b)	How would you estimate the maximum scour depth for any bridge pier.[6]				
	c)	Write a short note on determination of velocity of stream by Surface Float method. [6]			rface [6]	

Q9) a)		w will you account for the lge:	follov	•	of highway $[2 \times 3 = 6]$
	i)	Dead Load			
	ii)	Earth pressure			
	iii)	Erection stresses			
b)	What do you understand by fixed span bridges? Explain any two ty of fixed span bridges with the help of neat sketch $[2 + 2 + 2 =$				
c)	Dis	cuss in brief the following:			[2+2=4]
	i)	Causeway	ii)	Pontoon Bridges	
		OR			
Q10)a)	Explain with a neat sketch the following:			:	[3+3=6]
	i)	Pile Bent Pier	ii)	Splayed wing Wall	
b)	State merits and demerits of Continuous Bridges.			[6]	
c)	Wr	ite a note on maintenance and	preser	vation of Steel bridge	es. [4]

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