

Total No. of Questions :8]

SEAT No. :

**P4050**

**[5255]-548**

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**M.E. (Civil) (Water Resources and Environment Engg.)**

**FLUID MACHANICS**

**(2013 Pattern) (Semester - I) (501083)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answer any five questions.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 4) *Use of logarithms tables, slide rule, electronics pocket calculator is allowed.*
- 5) *Assume suitable data if necessary.*

**Q1) a)** Define circulation, stream function, velocity potential. **[6]**

b) Define hydrodynamically rough and smooth boundaries. **[4]**

**Q2) a)** Derive Bernoulli's equation along streamline. **[4]**

b) The velocity distribution in the turbulent boundary layer over a flat plate

is given as  $\frac{u}{U_{\infty}} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{y}{\delta} - \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{y}{\delta} \right)^3$ . Obtain an expression for the displacement thickness, momentum thickness and energy thickness. **[6]**

**Q3) a)** Derive equation for stream function and potential function of a source and sink. **[4]**

b) Derive equation for velocity distribution for laminar flow between parallel plates with both plates fixed starting with Navier-Stokes equations. **[6]**

**Q4) a)** Given the complex potential,  $W = \log_e Z^2$ , evaluate the stream and velocity functions. Identify the flow pattern. **[4]**

b) Laminar flow takes place in a circular tube. At what distance from the boundary does the local velocity equal the average velocity. **[6]**

**P.T.O.**

- Q5)** a) Derive Karman Momentum Integral equation starting Navier Stokes equations. [6]  
b) What are the characteristics of turbulent flow? [4]
- Q6)** a) What is boundary layer separation? What are its effects and methods to avoid separation? [4]  
b) Derive Reynolds equation of motion. [6]
- Q7)** a) Find the stagnation temperature and pressure for carbon dioxide flowing at 150 m/s if the pressure and temperature in undisturbed flow are 500 kPa and 30°C respectively.  $k = 1.28$  and  $R = 188 \text{ J/kg K}$ . [5]  
b) Write in brief about Rayleigh and Fanno lines. [5]
- Q8)** a) Derive equation for stagnation density for a compressible fluid flow. [6]  
b) Write a short note on compressible flow around submerged bodies. [4]

