

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

**P4054**

[5255]-552

[Total No. of Pages : 2

**M.E. (Civil) (Water Resources & Environmental Engineering)**

**OPEN CHANNEL HYDRAULICS**

**(2013 Course) (Semester - II) (501088)**

*Time : 3 Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 50*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) *Answer any five questions*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks*
- 4) *Use of logarithms tables, slide rule, electronics pocket calculator is allowed*
- 5) *Assume suitable data if necessary*

- Q1)** a) Derive for a trapezoidal channel section of most economical section [4]  
i) half the top width = length of the sloping side  
ii) hydraulic radius =  $\frac{1}{2}$  the depth of flow  
b) State the characteristics of  $M_2$  and  $S_2$  profiles. Give examples of their occurrence. [6]

- Q2)** a) Explain behaviour of slope of water surface profile ( $dy/dx$ ) at certain key depths. [4]  
b) Starting from basic principles derive an expression for GVF for a wide rectangular channel in the form [6]

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = S_o \frac{1 - \left( \frac{y_n}{y} \right)^{10/3}}{1 - \left( \frac{y_c}{y} \right)^3}$$

- Q3)** a) Mention the types of jumps based on the basis of Froude number. [2]  
b) At a certain section M in a rectangular channel of bed width 2 m, depth of flow is 1.2 m. When the rate of flow is  $6 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$  estimate the distance from M to another section N where the depth is 1.4 m. The bed slope is 0.002 and Manning's  $n = 0.015$ . Take two steps. Sketch and classify the profile. [8]

**P.T.O.**

- Q4)** a) Derive equation for ratio of sequent depths for hydraulic jump on sloping floor. [5]  
 b) Explain the standard step method for GVF computation. [5]
- Q5)** a) Explain any three SVF profiles on bottom racks with sketches. [6]  
 b) Explain types of surges. [4]
- Q6)** a) Derive dynamic equation of spatially varied flow with decreasing discharge. [4]  
 b) Derive general equation for absolute velocity of uniformly progressing wave in rapidly varied unsteady flow. [6]
- Q7)** a) Explain bed forms. [4]  
 b) What is flood routing? Distinguish between reservoir routing and channel routing. [6]
- Q8)** a) Describe Kennedy's theory for the design of irrigation channel in alluvial soil. [4]  
 b) For the following flood hydrograph through a river reach for which  $K = 12$  h and  $x = 0.20$  find the discharge for first two time steps. At the start of the inflow flood the outflow discharge is  $10 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ . [6]

Time (h)	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54
In flow $\text{m}^3/\text{s}$	10	20	50	60	55	45	35	27	20	15

**x      x      x**