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## S.E. (Computer/IT Engineering) (Second Semester)

## **EXAMINATION, 2017**

## **ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS III**

(2015 Course)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

- N.B. :— (i) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
  - (ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  - (iii) Your answers will be valued as a whole.
  - (iv) Use of electronic pocket calculator is allowed.
  - (v) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- 1. (a) Solve any two:

[8]

(i) 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 2e^{e^x}$$

(ii) (D<sup>2</sup> + 4D + 4)
$$y = x^{-3} e^{-2x}$$

(iii) 
$$x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 3x \frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = x^2 \sin(\log x)$$

(b) Find the Fourier transform of:

[4]

$$f(x) = 1,$$
  $|x| \le 1$   
= 0,  $|x| > 1$ 

and evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\lambda \cos \lambda x}{\lambda} d\lambda$ .

- 2. (a) An inductor of 0.5 henries is connected in series with a registor of 6 ohms, a capacitor of 0.02 farads, a generator having alternative voltage given by 24 sin 10 t, t > 0 and switch k. Set up a differential equation for this circuit and find charge at time t.
  [4]
  - (b) Solve any one of the following: [4]
    - (i) Find  $z\{f(k)\}$ , where  $f(k) = 3^k, k < 0$ =  $2^k, k \ge 0$
    - (ii) Find:

$$z^{-1}\left\{\frac{z^2}{z^2+1}\right\}$$

by using inversion integral method.

- (c) Solve the following difference equation: y(k + 2) 5y(k + 1) + 6y(k) = 36y(0) = y(1) = 0.
- 3. (a) Calculate the first four central moments from the following data and hence find  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_2$ : [4]

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
f	5	15	17	25	19	14	5

(b) Fit a straight line to the following data by least square method: [4]

х	0	5	10	15	20	25
У	12	15	17	22	24	30

- (c) The number of breakdowns of a computer in a week is a Poisson variable with  $\lambda = np = 0.3$ . What is the probability that the computer will operate: [4]
  - (i) with no breakdown and
  - (ii) at the most one breakdown in a week.

Or

- 4. (a) The average test marks in a particular class is 79 and standard deviation is 5. If the marks are normally distributed, how many students in a class of 200, did not receive marks between 75 and 82. Given z = 0.8, Area = 0.2881 and z = 0.6, Area = 0.2257. [4]
  - (b) An insurance agent accepts policies of 5 men of identical age and in good health. The probability that a man of this age will be alive 30 years hence is 2/3. Find the probability that in 30 years:
    - (i) all five men and
    - (ii) at least one man will be alive.
  - (c) The two variables x and y have regression lines : [4] 3x + 2y 26 = 0 and 6x + y 31 = 0

Find:

- (i) the mean values of x and y and
- (ii) correlation coefficient between x and y.
- 5. (a) Find the directional derivative of a scalar point function  $\phi = xy^2 + yz^3$  at (2, -1, 1) in the direction of a vector 4i + 2j + 4k. [4]

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(b) Show that the vector field:

$$\overline{F} = (6xy + z^3)i + (3x^2 - z)j + (3xz^2 - y)k$$

is irrotational and hence find a scalar potential function  $\phi$  such that  $\overline{F} = \nabla \phi$ . [4]

(c) Find the work done by the vector field: [5]  $\overline{F} = (x^2 - yz)i + (y^2 - zx)j + (z^2 - xy)k$ 

in moving a particle of unit mass from (1, 1, 1) to (2, -1, 2).

Or

- **6.** (a) Find the directional derivative of a scalar point function  $\phi = xy z^2 + 2xz$  at (1, 0, 2) in the direction of 4i j + 2k.
  - (b) Show that (any one): [4]
    - $(i) \qquad \nabla \left(\frac{\overline{a}.\,\overline{r}}{r^{\,n}}\right) \,=\, \frac{\overline{a}}{r^{\,n}} \frac{n\;(\overline{a}.\,\overline{r})\,\overline{r}}{r^{\,n+2}}, \text{ where } \,\overline{a} \text{ is a constant vector.}$
    - $(ii) \quad \nabla^2 \left( \nabla \cdot \frac{\overline{r}}{r^2} \right) = \frac{2}{r^4}.$
  - (c) Evaluate the integral  $\int_{c}^{\overline{F} \cdot d\overline{r}}$ , along the curve x = 2t, y = t, z = 3t from t = 0 to t = 1, where  $\overline{F} = 3x^{2}i + (2xz y)j + zk$ . [5]
- **7.** (a) If:

$$u = - 2xy + \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2},$$

find v such that f(z) = u + iv is analytic. Determine f(z) in terms of z.

(b) Evaluate  $\oint_{C} \frac{e^{z}}{(z+1)(z+2)} dz$ , where c is the contour

$$|z + 1| = \frac{1}{2}.$$

(c) Find the Bilinear transformation which maps the point -i, 0, 2 + i of the z-plane onto the points 0, -2i, 4 of the w-plane. [4]

Or

**8.** (a) If :

$$u = \frac{1}{2}\log(x^2 + y^2),$$

find v such that f(z) = u + iv is analytic. Determine f(z) in terms of z. [4]

- (b) Evaluate  $\oint_C \frac{\sin \pi z^2 + 2z}{(z-1)(z-2)} dz$ , where c is the circle |z| = 4.
- (c) Find the image of the circle  $(x-3)^2+y^2=2$  under the transfromation  $w=\frac{1}{z}$ . [4]