

[5253]-192

T.E. (I.T.)

**THEORY OF COMPUTATION**  
**(2012 Pattern) (End Semester)**

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

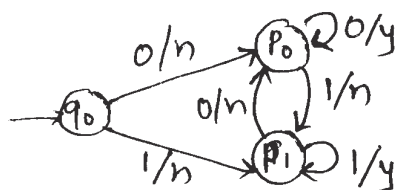
*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) Neat diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Assume suitable data if necessary.

**Q1) a)** Define the following with suitable examples [4]

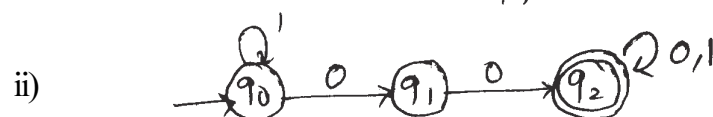
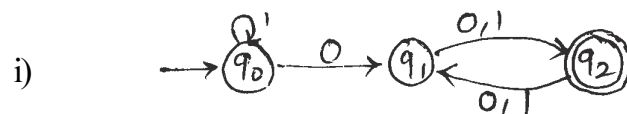
- i) FA
- ii) Regular Expression

b) Convert Mealy machine to Moore machine. [6]



OR

**Q2) a)** Find the regular expression for the following : [4]



b) Prove that the following language is non regular, using pumping lemma. [6]

$$L = \{a^n b^n \mid n > 0\}$$

P.T.O.

- Q3) a)** Write a CFG which generates the language L denoted by [6]
- i)  $(a+b)^*bbb(a+b)^*$
  - ii)  $\{0^m 1^n 0^{m+n} | m, n \geq 0\}$
- b)** Write short note on chomsky hierarchy. [4]

OR

- Q4) a)** Convert the following grammar into GNF [4]
- $$S \rightarrow ABA \mid AB \mid BA \mid AA \mid A \mid B$$
- $$A \rightarrow aA \mid a$$
- $$B \rightarrow bB \mid b$$
- b)** Define the following with suitable example. [6]
- i) Chomsky normal form
  - ii) Leftmost derivation
  - iii) Regular grammar

- Q5) a)** Design a post machine that accepts the following language. [8]
- $$L = \{a^n b^n a^n | n \geq 0\}$$
- b)** Explain the following using suitable examples. [8]
- i) Acceptance of a CFL by empty stack by a PDA.
  - ii) Acceptance of a CFL by final state by a PDA.

OR

- Q6) a)** Construct a PDA for the language described as “The set of all strings over  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  with equal no. of a’s and b’s. [8]
- b)** Give formal definitions of PDA and PM. Compare them. [8]

**Q7) a)** Design a TM that adds two unary numbers. Show stepwise functioning of TM for the input: 11 + 111 **[10]**

b) Write a short note on : **[8]**

i) Power of TM over finite state machine.

ii) Universal turing machine

OR

**Q8) a)** Construct TM for the following : **[10]**

i) Language consisting of string having any number of 0's & even no. of 1's over  $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$ .

ii) Increment the value of any binary number by one.

b) Define TM. Explain its working. Give the types of TM & applications of the same. **[8]**

**Q9) a)** What is reducibility? What are undecidable problems? Describe at least four undecidable problems in case of TMs. **[8]**

b) Write a short note on encoding of TM. **[8]**

OR

**Q10)a)** Write a short note on church Turing hypothesis. **[4]**

b) Describe at least four undecidable problems in case of CFGs. **[4]**

c) Define recursively enumerable languages and recursive languages with suitable example. **[8]**

