Total No. of Questions : 8]

P2509

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SEAT No. :

[5253]-537

T.E. (Computer Engineering) THEORY OF COMPUTATION

(2015 Patern)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt questions Q1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6, Q7 or Q8.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Assume Suitable data, if necessary.
- *Q1*) a) Construct DFA for language defined by $\Sigma = \{0, l\}$ where [6]
 - $S = \{ strings ending with 0 always \}$
 - S = { strings representing odd binary numbers}
 - $S = \{ \text{ strings over } \Sigma^* \text{ with total number of 0's even} \}$
 - b) Let $M = \{\{q_0, q_1\}, \{0,1\}, \delta, q_0, \{q_1\}\}\)$ be an NFA [6] Where

$$\begin{split} \delta(\mathbf{q}_0, \, 0) &= \{\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{q}_1\} \\ \delta(\mathbf{q}_0, 1) &= \{\mathbf{q}_1\} \\ \delta(\mathbf{q}_0, 0) &= \varnothing \\ \delta(\mathbf{q}_1, \, 1) &= \{\mathbf{q}_0, \, \mathbf{q}_1\} \end{split}$$

Construct an equivalent DFA.

- c) Write short notes on :
 - i) Chomsky Normal Form
 - ii) Greibach Normal Form

OR

- **Q2)** a) Design a FA which checks the divisibility by 4 for a decimal number.[6]
 - b) Construct a Moore and Mealy machine to generate 1's compliment of a given binary number. [6]

[8]

- c) Write CFGs for given CFLs :
 - i) Languages containing the strings with equal number of a's and b's
 - ii) Languages containing the strings containing a's and b's with at least 2 a's
- Q3) a) Define Turing Machine. Comment on language acceptance by Turing Machine.[4]
 - b) Write short notes on : [6]
 - i) Universal Turing Machine
 - ii) Multi-tape Turing Machine
 - iii) Limitation of Turing Machine
 - c) Construct a Turing Machine to accept the language of even number of l's and even number 0's over $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. [8]

OR

Q4) a)	Explain the representation of TM.	[4]
b)	Design a Turing Machine to add two unary numbers.	[6]
c)	Construct TM for -	
	$L = \{ all strings with equal no. of a's and b's \}.$	[8]

- *Q5*) a) Differentiate between FA and PDA. [4]
 - b) Construct NPDA that accepts the language generated by S = S + S | S * S | 4.[6]
 - c) Illustrate the working of Shift Reduce parser for id+id*id.Consider the following grammar: [6]
 - $E \to E + E \mid T$ $T \to T * F \mid F$ $F \to \{E\} \mid id$

OR

- *Q6)* a) What are the two different ways to define PDA acceptability? [4]
 - b) Construct PDA that accepts language generated by following $CFG: \qquad S \rightarrow SS \mid (S) \mid ()$
 - c) Explain closure property of CFL with suitable example. [6]
- *Q7*) a) What do you mean by NP- problems? Justify that Travelling Salesman problem is NP problem.[8]
 - b) Define Undecidability. Let $HALT_{TM} = \{ \langle M, w \rangle \}$ where M is a TM and M halts on input w Prove that $HALT_{TM}$ is undecidable. [8]

OR

- (Q8) a) Define and explain Recursive and Recursively enumerable languages.[8]
 - b) What is a Kruskals's Algorithm? How can we solve this problem using Turing Machine? [8]

