Total No. of Questions: 10]	SEAT No.:

P3062 [Total No. of Pages : 4

[5354] - 550-A

B.E. Mechanical (Semester - II) FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS (Elective - IV)

(2012 Pattern)

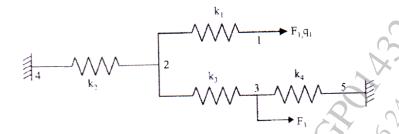
Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 70

Instructions to the candidates:

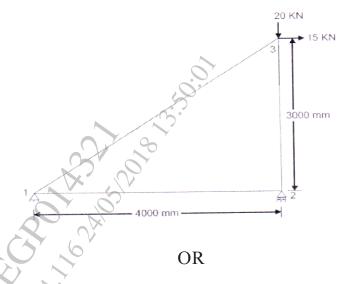
- 1) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 2) Use of electronic pocket calculator is allowed.
- 3) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- Q1) a) Write down different applications of FEA and explain procedure for FEA analysis of stress analysis [6]
 - b) Write down difference between penalty and elimination approach for FEA solution [4]

OR

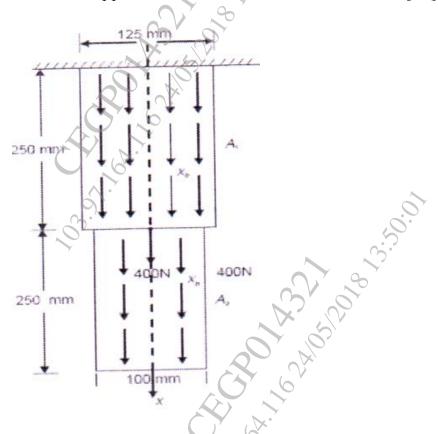
- Q2) a) Explain "Releigh Ritz Method" to formulate FEM equations. [6]
 - b) Explain Plane stress and Plane Strain [4]
- Q3) a) Calculate Nodal displacement of spring system shown in figure [4]



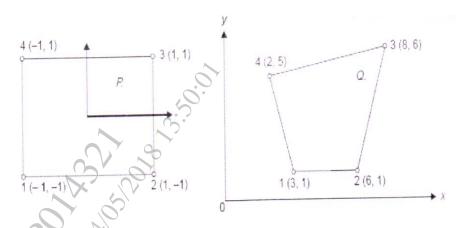
b) Obtain the forces in the plane truss shown in Fig. and determine the support reactions also. Use finite element method. Take E=200 GPa and A=2000 mm²



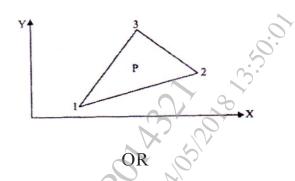
Q4) The thin plate of uniform thickness 20 mm, is as shown in Fig. In addition to the self-weight, the plate is subjected to a point load of 400N at mid-depth. The Young's modulus $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and unit weight $\rho = 0.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{N/mm}^2$. Analyse the plate after modelling it with two elements and find the stresses in each element. Determine the support reactions also.



Q5) a) For the iso-parametric quadrilateral elements shown in Fig., determine Local coordinates of the point Q which has Cartesian coordinates (7, 4) [8]



b) For a point P located inside the triangle shown in figure, the shape functions N₁ and N₂ are 0.15 and 0.25 respectively. Determine the x and y coordinates of point P. [10]



Q6) a) What is fill and reduced integration in Finite Element Analysis? [4]

b) Write a short note on Patch Test [4]

c) Evaluate $I = \left(\int_{y=-2}^{y=2} \int_{x=-1}^{x=1} (x^2 + 2xy + y^2) dx dy\right)$ using Gauss Quadrature method [10]

Q7) a) Derive elemental stiffness matrix (conduction + convection) formulations for 1 D steady state heat transfer problems.[8]

b) Consider a brick wall of thickness 0.3 m, k = 0.7 W/m °K. The inner surface is at 28°C and the outer surface is exposed to cold air at -15°C. The heat transfer coefficient associated with the outside surface is 40 W/m² °K. Determine the steady state temperature distribution within the wall and also the heat flux through the wall. Use two elements and obtain the solution.

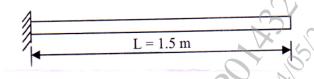
OR

- Q8) a) Heat is generated in a large plate (K = 0.4 W/m 0 c) at the rate of 5000 W/m³ The plate is 20 cm thick. Outside surface of the plate is exposed to ambient air at 30°C with a convective heat transfer coefficient of 20 W/m²oc. Determine the temperature distribution in the wall.
 - b) A metallic fin, with thermal conductivity 360 W/m °K, 0.1 cm thick and 10 cm long extends from a plane wall whose temperature is 235°C. Determine the temperature distribution along the fin if heat is transferred to ambient air at 20°C with heat transfer coefficient of 9 W/m20K. Take width of the fin as 1m.
- Q9) a) Determine a three Natural frequencies of bar having following specifications Length of bar = 1 m Diameter of bar = $10 \text{mm} \text{ E} = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ density $\rho = 7800 \text{ kg/m}^3$ and also validate the first natural frequency of FEA results with theoretical frequency which can be determined by

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{K}{M}} \, rad \, / \, s$$
 [16]

OR

- Q10)a) Write a Lumped & Consistent Mass and stiffness matrix for [4]
 - i) Bar Element
 - ii) Truss Element
 - b) Estimate natural frequencies of axial vibrations of bar shown in figure below, using both consistent and lumped mass matrices and compare the results. Bar is having uniform cross-section with cross-sectional area $A = 50 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$, length L = 1.5 m, modulus of elasticity $E = 2 \times 10^{11} \text{ N/m}^2$ and density $\rho = 7800 \text{ kg/m}^3$. Model the bar by using two elements. [8]



c) Explain the significance of lumped mass matrix and consistent mass matrix. Write lumped mass matrix for bar and beam element. [4]

