Total No. of Questions - [5]

Total No. of Printed Pages 3

G.R. No.

U118-109 (BE-FF)

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F. Y. B. TECH. (COMMON) (SEMESTER - II)

COURSE NAME: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS II COURSE CODE:ES12171

(2017 PATTERN)

Time: [2 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 50]

- (*) Instructions to candidates:
- Answer Q.1 OR Q.2, Q.3 OR Q.4 and Q.5 1)
- Figures to the right indicate full marks. 2)
- 3) Use of scientific calculator is allowed
- Use suitable data whereever required 4)
- Q.1) a) Find the equation of the sphere which passes through the point (-1,0,0) and touches the plane 2x - y - 2z - 4 = 0 at the point (1,2,-2). [6]
- b) Find the equation of the right circular cone with vertex at (1, 2, -3) semi vertical

angle
$$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$$
 and the line $\frac{x-1}{1} = \frac{y-2}{2} = \frac{z+1}{-1}$ as axis. [6]

c) Find the equation of the right circular cylinder whose axis is x = 2y = -z and radius is 4. [4]

OR

- Q.2) a) Find the equation of the sphere passing through the circle $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$; 2x + 3y + 4z = 5 and the point (1,2,3). [6]
- b) Find the equation of the right circular cone which passes through the point (1, 1, 2) and has its axis the line 6x = -3y = 4z and vertex at origin. [6]
- c) Find the equation of right circular cylinder of radius 2 whose axis passes through (1, 2, 3) and has direction cosines proportional to 2, -3, and 6. [4]

Q.3) a) Evaluate:
$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \frac{dx \, dy}{(1+e^y)\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}}$$
 [6]

b) Evaluate: $\iint x^2 y^2 dxdy$ over the region R which is the positive quadrant of $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ [4]

c) Find the volume of the region enclosed by the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ and paraboloid $z = x^2 + y^2$. [4]

OR

Q.4) a)
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dxdy}{(1+x^2+y^2)\sqrt{1+x^2+y^2}}$$
 [6]

b)
$$\iiint_V (x^2 + y^2) dx dy dz$$
, where V is $x^2 + y^2 = 2z$ and $z = 2$. [4]

c) Find the total area of the curve $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$. [4]

- a) Find the differential equation whose general solution is $y = c^2 + \frac{c}{r}$, where c is arbitrary constant.
- b) Find the differential equation whose general solution is $y = A \cos x$ + $B \sin x$, where A & B are arbitrary constants.
- c) Find the integrating factor of the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x^2} = x^2$.
- d) Find the differential equation of orthogonal trajectories of family of curves $2x^2 y^2 = cx$ where c is arbitrary constant.
- f) Find the value of $\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-4x} x^{4} dx$

g) For the certain data if $a_0 = 2$, $a_1 = 0.5$, $b_1 = 1.5$ then find the amplitude of 1st harmonic.

h) If
$$I(a) = \int_0^{a^2} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) dx$$
, then find $\frac{dI}{da}$.

i) Find the value of
$$\frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{erf}(x)$$
.

j) Choose the correct option for the following:

1)A double point is Node if,

- a)Two branches have distinct tangents
- b) Tangent line cuts the curve unusually.
- c)Two branches have a common tangent
- d)None of the above
- 2) The parametric curve x = f(t), y = g(t) is symmetric about y -axis if,
- a)f(t) is even and g(t) is an odd function of t
- b)Both f(t) and g(t) are odd functions of t
- c)f(t) is an odd and g(t) is even function of t
- d)Both f(t) and g(t) are even functions of t