Total No. of Questions - [5]

Total No. of Printed Pages 2

G.R. No. Paper Code - U128-109 (BE-FS)

May 2019/ End-Sem Exam F. Y. B. TECH. (common) (SEMESTER - II)

COURSE NAME: Engineering Mathematics II

COURSE CODE: ES12171

(PATTERN 2017)

Time: Hour

[Max. Marks: 50]

6 marks

(*) Instructions to candidates:

Answer Q.1 OR Q.2 and Q.3 OR Q.4 and Q.5 1)

Figures to the right indicate full marks. 2)

Use of scientific calculator is allowed 3)

Use suitable data where ever required 4)

Q.1.

a) Find the equation of the sphere passing through (1,0,0), (0,1,0) and (0,0,1) and having least possible radius. 6 marks

b) Obtain the equation of a right circular cone which passes through the point (2, 1, 3) with vertex at

(1, 1, 2) and axis parallel to the line $\frac{x-2}{2} = \frac{y-1}{-4} = \frac{z+2}{3}$.

c) Find the equation of right circular cylinder of radius 2 whose axis passes through (1, 2, 3) and has direction cosines proportional to 2, -3, and 6. [4 marks]

OR

Q.2)

Find the centre and radius of the circle $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x + 4y + 2z - 6 = 0$, x + 2y + 2z - 4 = 0a) and also find the orthogonal projection of the area of the circle in yz – plane. [6 marks] b) Find the equation of the right circular cone which passes through the point (1, 1, 2) and has its axis the line 6x = -3y = 4z and vertex at origin. 6 marks c) Find the equation of the right circular cylinder of radius 2 and whose axis lies

along the straight line $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+3}{-1} = \frac{z-2}{5}$ [4marks]

Q.3)

a) $\iint_{\mathbb{R}} \frac{x^2 y^2}{x^2 + y^2} \, dx \, dy$, where R is annulus between $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and $x^2 + y^2 = 9$. 6 marks b) Change the order of integration for $\int_0^{4a} \int_{y^2}^{y} f(x, y) dx dy$

[4 marks]

c) Find the area inside the circle $r = a \sin \theta$ and outside the curve $r = a(1 - \cos \theta)$. [4 marks] 12

1

OR

а			
Q.4)			
a) $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \frac{dx dy}{(1+e^y)\sqrt{1-x^2-x^2}}$	$\overline{\nu^2}$		[6 marks]
		a sa a s	
b) Find the volume of $z = x^2 + y^2$.	the region enclosed b	by the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$	and paraboloid [4 marks]
c) Find the total area of the	curve $r = q(1 + \cos \theta)$. 1997년 1월 11일 - 11일 - 11일 - 11일 - 11일 - 11일 - 11일 - 11	
, and the method of the	$u(1+\cos\theta).$		[4 marks]
0.5) 0-1			
Q. 5) Solve 1) The value of λ for which	the differential equation		
$(xy^2 + \lambda x^2 y) dx +$	$(x + y) x^2 dy = 0$ is exa	of .	
(a) 2 (b) -3 (c)		[2marks]
2) The solution of the DE $\frac{d}{d}$	$\frac{y}{y} + y = e^{-x}$ is		[2marks]
(a) $y = (x + c) e^{x}$ ($ye^{X} = x + c$ (d) None	5. R. F.C.
3) The orthogonal trajectories (a) $x^2 - y^2 = A$ (b)	of the family of rectangula $x^2 + y^2 = A^2$ (c)y =	r hyperbola xy = c is	[2marks]
4) A resistance of 50 Ω , an indefinite integrating factor of D.E. is (a) e^{-25t} (b)	ectance of 2 henries are co e^{250t} (c) e^{25t}	print price of the series with batter (d) $\frac{t}{500}$	ry of 10 volts, then [2marks]
5) For the function $f(x) = \sin x$ is	the interval (0, 2m) the w	alua af a ta	
			[2marks]
(a) $\frac{1}{\pi}$ (b)	2π (c) 0	(d) $\frac{2}{\pi}$	An Satur Thairtí
6) The value of $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2 \end{bmatrix}$ is			[2marks]
(a) $\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}$ (b)	$\sqrt{\pi}$ (c) $\frac{1}{2}!$	(d) $\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$	
7) The value of $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{\log x}{\sqrt{x}} dx$ is			[2marks]
0 (a) 2 (b) -	-2 (c) $\sqrt{3}$	(d) - 4	1 8 8 7 8 8
8) Er f(∞) is	- (c) γυ	(a) - 4	[2marks]
(a) 0 (b) d	(c) + 1	(d) – 1	[]
9) The vertical asymptote for th	e curve $x^2y^2 = a^2 (x^2 + y^2)$	is	[2marks]
	x = 0 (c) $y = 0$	(d) $x = \pm a$	
10) The curve $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{a} (1 + \sin \theta)$ is s			[2marks]
(a) Initial line (b) I	Pole (c) Y axis	(d) None of these	9
4			