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G.R. No.	
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Paper code - U218-151 (BE-FS)

MAY-2019

**S. Y. B. TECH. (MECHANICAL ENGINEERING) (SEMESTER - I)**

**COURSE NAME: Engineering Mathematics III**

**COURSE CODE: MEUA21171**

**(PATTERN 2017)**

Time: [2 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 50]

**Instructions to candidates:**

- 1) Answer Q.1, Q.2, Q.3, Q.4, Q.5 OR Q.6, Q.7 OR Q.8
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Use of scientific calculator is allowed
- 4) Use suitable data where ever required

Q.1 A Solve  $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 5x \frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = \frac{\log x}{x^2}$  6

OR

B Solve  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \operatorname{cosec} x$  (by variation of parameters) 6

Q.2 A Find Fourier transform of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x^2, & |x| \leq 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$  Hence evaluate : 6

$$\int_0^{\infty} \left( \frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^3} \right) \cos \left( \frac{x}{2} \right) dx$$

OR

B Find Laplace transform  $f(t) = \frac{e^{-3t}(\cos 2t - \cos 3t)}{t}$  6

- Q.3 A The following are the marks obtained by 10 students in statistics and economics 6

No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Marks in Economics	25	28	35	32	31	36	29	38	34	32
Marks in Statistics	43	46	49	41	36	32	31	30	33	39

Marks are out of 50. Obtained regression equation to estimate marks in statistics if marks in economics are 30.

OR

- B) On an average a box containing 10 articles is likely to have 2 defective s. If we consider a consignment of 100 boxes, how many of them are expected to have 3 or less defectives. 6

Q.4 A Prove that :  $\nabla^2 \left[ \nabla \cdot \left( \frac{\vec{r}}{r^2} \right) \right] = \frac{2}{r^4}$  4

OR

- B If the directional derivative of  $\phi = axy + byz + czx$  at the point (1,1,1) has maximum magnitude 4 in the direction parallel to x- axis find the values of a, b & c. 4

Q.5 A Evaluate  $\iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{f}) \cdot d\vec{s}$ ,  $\vec{f} = (x^3 - y^3)\vec{i} - xyz\vec{j} + y^3\vec{k}$  4

and s is the surface  $x^2 + 4y^2 + z^2 - 2x = 4$  above the plane  $x=0$

- B A vector field is given by  $\vec{F} = 3x^2\vec{i} + 2(2xz - y)\vec{j} + z\vec{k}$ , Evaluate  $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$  along 4

the straight line joining (0,0,0) and (2,1,3).

- C Verify divergence theorem for :  $\vec{f} = 4xz\vec{i} + xyz^2\vec{j} + 3z\vec{k}$  6

Over the region above the xoy plane bounded by the cone  $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$  and the plane  $z=4$

OR

- Q.6 A Find the work done in moving the particle once round the ellipse 4

$$\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1, z = 0 \text{ under the field of force given by}$$

$$\vec{F} = (2x - y + z)\vec{i} + (x + y - z^2)\vec{j} + (3x - 2y + 4z)\vec{k}$$

- B Prove that :

$$\int_C (\vec{a} \times \vec{r}) \cdot d\vec{r} = 2\vec{a} \cdot \iint_S d\vec{s}$$

4



- C Use divergence theorem to evaluate :  $\iint_S (y\vec{i} + x\vec{j} + yx\vec{k}) \cdot d\vec{s}$  6

Where  $s$  is the upper part of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 16$  above XOY plane.

- Q.7 A Solve  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = k \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$  if i)  $u$  is finite for all  $t$  , ii)  $u = 0$  when  $x = L$  for all  $t$  6

iii)  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0$  when  $x = 0$  for all  $t$  , iv)  $u = u_0$  for all values between  $0$  to  $L$ .

- B A string is stretched and fastened to two points  $L$  apart. Motion is started by displacing the string in the form  $u = -a \sin \frac{\pi x}{L}$  from which it is released at time  $t = 0$  . State the conditions in mathematical form. 4

- C Find the displacement  $u(x, t)$  from one end. Differential equation satisfied by displacement of the string is 4

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} . \text{ With the conditions in Q.7B.}$$

OR

- Q.8 A Solve  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$  with conditions i)  $u = 0$  when  $y \rightarrow +\infty$  for all  $x$  , 6

ii)  $u = 0$  when  $x = 0$  for all  $y$ .

iii)  $u = 0$  when  $x = l$  for all  $y$  ,

iv)  $u = x$  When  $y = 0$  for  $0 < x < l$ .

- B A homogeneous rod of conducting material of length  $100\text{cm}$  has its ends kept at zero temperature and the temperature initially is  $u(x, 0) = x^2$  ,  $0 \leq x \leq 50$  and  $u(x, 0) = 100 - x$  ,  $50 \leq x \leq 100$  . State the conditions in mathematical form. 4

- C Find the temperature at any time in Q.8. B. 4