

Total No. of Questions – [03]

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Paper Code - U119-104 CBCT1

OCTOBER 2019 / INSEM (T1)

F. Y. B.TECH. (COMMON) (SEMESTER - I)

COURSE NAME: Engineering Physics (CB)

COURSE CODE: ES10184A-CB

(PATTERN 2018)

Time: [1 Hour]

[Max. Marks: 20]

Instructions to candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Use of scientific calculator is allowed.
- 4) Use suitable data where ever required.

Q 1) Attempt any **two**.

- a) Derive an expression for condition of destructive interference by reflection from a thin uniform film which has a refractive index greater than its surrounding. [4]
- b) With the help of neat diagrams, derive an expression for minima in Fraunhofer diffraction from a single slit using phasor diagram. [4]
- c) Two glass plates with refractive index of 1.5 enclose a wedge shaped film of water with refractive index of 1.33. Ten fringes are observed over a length of 14mm by using light of wavelength 5890Å. Calculate the angle of the wedge in seconds. [4]

Q 2) Attempt any **two**.

- a) If the density of states in the conduction band is given by [4]
$$g_c(E) = \frac{4}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left[\frac{m_e^*}{2\pi\hbar^2} \right]^{3/2} (E - E_c)^{1/2} \quad \text{for } E \geq E_c$$
 derive an expression for number of electrons in the conduction band.
- b) Starting from the expressions for the Fermi energy on the n and p sides of a p-n junction diode, derive an expression for built-in potential V_{bi} . [4]
- c) If the probability of finding an electron 0.064 eV above the Fermi energy is 0.077, what is the temperature of the solid? [4]

Q 3) Attempt any **one**.

- a) Assuming a joint density of states [4]
$$g_J(E) = \frac{(2m_f^*)^{3/2}}{2\pi^2\hbar^3} \sqrt{E - E_g}$$
 and Boltzmann's distribution for carrier distribution $f(E) = \exp\left(-\frac{E}{kT}\right)$, show that the maximum in the Luminescence Intensity due to inter-band transition occurs at $E = E_g + \frac{kT}{2}$.
- b) Derive an expression for $\frac{P_{escape}}{P_{source}}$ in terms of refractive index of the material [4]
of an LED and its surrounding arising due to critical angle loss.