

Total No. of Questions – [4]

Total No. of Printed Pages: 4

G.R. No.	
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PAPER CODE	U111-203A(REF)
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DECEMBER 2021 (INSEM+ ENDSEM) EXAM
F.Y. B. TECH. (SEMESTER - I)
COURSE NAME: BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
COURSE CODE: ET 10203A
(PATTERN 2020)

Time: [2Hr]

[Max. Marks: 60]

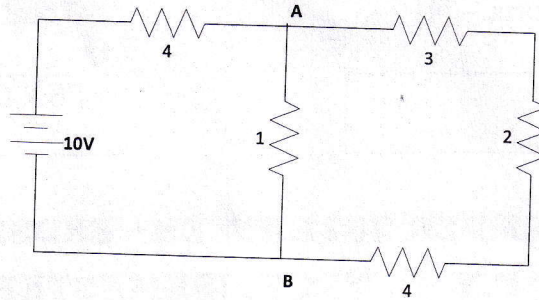
(*) Instructions to candidates:

- 1) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**
- 2) **Use of scientific calculator is allowed**
- 3) **Use suitable data where ever required**

Q.1

Solve the following

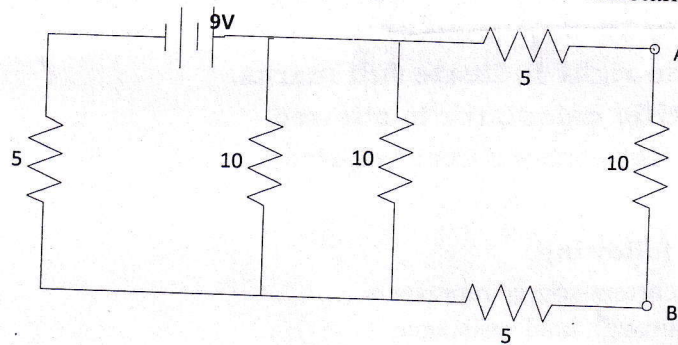
- i) Norton's current source represents..... [2]
(a) current through load resistance
(b) short circuit current through load resistance
(c) current carried by equivalent resistance
(d) maximum current through load resistance
- ii) Thevenin's voltage source represents..... [2]
(a) voltage of the source in series with load resistance
(b) open circuit voltage across load resistance
(c) short circuit voltage across load resistance
(d) highest voltage drop across elements
- iii) Superposition theorem cannot be applied in case of..... [2]
(a) multisource resistive network
(b) ac linear circuit
(c) diode rectifier circuit
(d) linear circuit with dual power supply
- iv) Kirchhoff's Voltage Law is concerned with..... [2]
(a) IR drops
(b) battery emfs
(c) junction voltages
(d) both (a) and (b)
- v) What is the equivalent resistance across terminals A and B for the circuit shown in figure below? All resistance values are in Ω . [2]



- (a) $13\ \Omega$
- (b) $1\ \Omega$
- (c) $2.8\ \Omega$
- (d) $0.9\ \Omega$

vi) What is the current delivered by the 9 V battery when terminals A and B are open circuited in case of the circuit shown in figure below? All resistance values are in Ω .

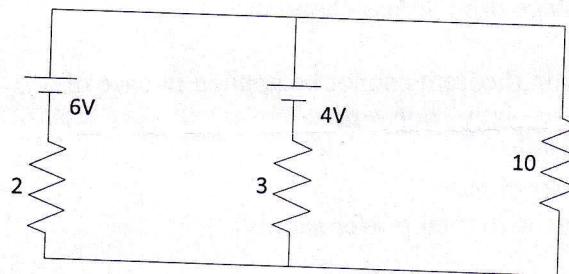
[2]



- (a) 1.11 A
- (b) 0.9 A
- (c) 0.6 A
- (d) 0.45 A

vii) What is the current delivered by 4 V source acting alone while another source remains short circuited for the circuit shown in figure below? All resistance values are in Ω .

[2]



- (a) 1.33 A
- (b) 0.4 A
- (c) 0.86 A
- (d) 0.27 A

viii) A capacitor of $1\ \mu\text{F}$ is charged through resistance of $5\text{M}\Omega$ from a source of 200V. The charging current after 2 seconds is

[2]

- (a) 0
- (b) $13.406\ \mu\text{A}$
- (c) $26.812\ \mu\text{A}$
- (d) $40\ \mu\text{A}$

ix) An alternating current is given by $i = 10 \sin 314t$. The time taken to generate two cycles of current is-----

[2]

- (a) 0.02 S
- (b) 0.01 S
- (c) 0.04 S
- (d) 0.05 S

x) A 100 V peak AC is as effective as-----DC.

[2]

- (a) 100 V
- (b) 50 V
- (c) 70.71 V
- (d) 141.42 V

xi) A 20 V AC is applied to a circuit consisting of a resistance and a coil with a negligible resistance. If the voltage across the resistance is 12 V, the voltage across the coil is-----

[2]

- (a) 10 V
- (b) 8 V
- (c) 6 V
- (d) 16 V

xii) In a series RLC circuit, the voltages read at resonance across R, L and C are 40 V, 60 V and 60 V respectively. Then the applied voltage is-----

[2]

- (a) 160 V
- (b) 60 V
- (c) 40 V
- (d) $\sqrt{40^2 + 120^2}$

xiii) Two sine waves are said to be in phase with each other if they achieve their-----

[2]

- (a) zero value at the same time
- (b) maximum value at the time
- (c) minimum value at the same time
- (d) all of the above

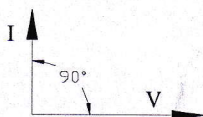
xiv) An alternating current of 50 Hz frequency and 100 A maximum value is given by-----

[2]

- (a) $i = 200 \sin 628t$
- (b) $i = 100 \sin 314t$
- (c) $i = 100\sqrt{2} \sin 314t$
- (d) $i = 100\sqrt{2} \sin 157t$

xv) The phasor diagram of voltage and current quantities shown in figure below is applicable to-----

[2]



- (a) pure resistance
- (b) pure inductance
- (c) pure capacitance
- (d) pure capacitance and pure inductance

Q2

Solve any three out of four

- a) A 25 KVA, 2200V/220V, 50Hz single phase transformer has primary winding resistance of 1.8Ω and secondary winding resistance of 0.02Ω . Iron loss of transformer is 1000 W. Calculate the efficiency of transformer operating at full load and unity power factor. [5]
- b) Derive the emf equation of a single phase transformer and hence draw the phasor diagram in case of an ideal transformer. [5]
- c) Name the material used in making core and winding of a transformer. Draw the B-H characteristics of these materials. [5]
- d) The iron losses of 80 KVA, 1000V/250V, 1-ph, 50Hz, transformer are 500 Watt. Copper loss when primary carries 50A is 400 Watt. Find i) Area of cross-section of limb if working flux density is 1T, and there are 1000 turns on primary ii) primary full load current iii) efficiency at full load 0.8 p.f. lagging [5]

Q.3

Solve any three out of four

- a) Derive the relationship between the line current and phase current, line voltage and phase voltage for 3 phase star connected balanced load with the help of phasor diagram. [5]
- b) An electric pump lifts 64 m^3 of water per hour to a height of 20 m. If its overall efficiency is 80 %, find the input power of motor. If the pump is used for 2 hours a day, find the daily cost of energy at the rate of Rs. 6/- per unit. [5]
- c) Calculate the line current and total power absorbed by a three phase star-connected inductor bank of impedance $(15+j10) \Omega/\text{phase}$; supplied by 400V, 3-Phase, 50 Hz AC. [5]
- d) What is energy conservation? State and explain any four measures for energy conservation in residential sector. [5]