G.R. No.	<del>, _</del>

PAPER CODE

P.122-255-INFIE

## May 2022 / INSEM+ENDSEM

## F. Y. M. TECH. (Mechanical – Design Engineering) (SEMESTER – II)

## Course name: optimization techniques in designs

## COURSE CODE: MEPA12205C (PATTERN 2020)

Time: [3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 60]

- (\*) Instructions to candidates:
- 1) All Questions are compulsory
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Use of scientific calculator is allowed
- 4) Use suitable data where ever required
- Q.1) Find the maximum of the function f(X) = 2x1 + x2 + 10 subject to  $g(X) = x1 + 2x_2^2 = 3$  using the Lagrange multiplier method. Also find the effect of changing the right-hand side of the constraint on the optimum value of f.
- Q.2) Solve the following L.P.P. by two phase simplex method:

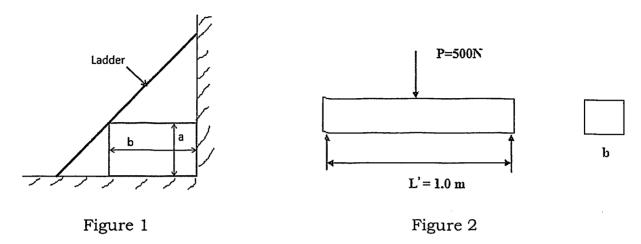
Maximize 
$$z = 5x1 - 4x2 + 3x3$$
;  
s.t.  $2x1 + x2 - 6x3 = 20$ ,  
 $6x1 + 5x2 + 10x3 < 76$ ,  
 $8x1 - 3x2 + 6x3 < 50$ ,  
 $x1, x2, x3 \ge 0$ .

(10)

Q.3) Minimize y = f(x1, x2) = x12 + x22 - x1x2 - x1 + x2 in the range of -10.0  $\le x1, x2 \le 10.0$  using Random walk method. Consider the initial solution.  $X_1 = {x_1 \brace x_2} = {0 \brace 0}$ . Take step length  $\lambda = 1.0$ ; random numbers  ${r_1 \brack r_2} = {-0.2 \brack 0.3}$ . Find the value of the search direction and objective function in the first iteration.

(10)

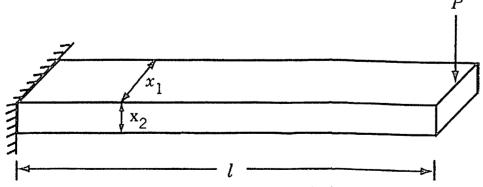
Q.4) A beam of rectangular cross-section of height 'h' m and width 'b' m and length 'L'=1.0 m is supported at two ends, as shown in Fig. 2.



A concentrated load of magnitude P = 500 N is acting at its mid-point. The beam should be as light as possible. However, it should be able to withstand the above loading. Assume density of the beam material  $\rho = 7.6 \times 103$  kg/m3 and allowable bending stress callowable= 800 MPa; b and h are allowed to vary in the ranges given below.

$$0.006 \le b \le 0.210$$
  
 $0.006 \le h \le 0.180$ 

Use Simulated Annealing to solve this optimization problem. Assume initial temperature of molten metal T0 = 4400 °K; initial solution selected at random  ${b \brace h}_0 = {0.01 \brace 0.01}$  and termination criterion  $\epsilon = 0.001$ . Let us assume the random numbers as follows: 0.5, 0.7, 0.3, 0.4, 0.8 and so on. Find the change in objective function (i.e., energy) at the end of the first two iterations. (10) Q.5) Formulate the problem of determining the cross-sectional dimensions of the cantilever beam shown in Fig. for minimum weight. The maximum permissible bending stress is oy .



Q.6) Topology optimization followed by a detailed sizing and shape optimization used to provide efficient aircraft component designs satisfying manufacturing, stability and stress constraints. Please comment on the statement. (10)