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| PRN No. | |
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| PAPER CODE | U213-233 (RE) |
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December 2023 (REEXAM)

SY / ~~PI~~ / B.TECH (SEMESTER - I)

COURSE NAME: DATA STRUCTURES Branch: E&TC COURSE CODE: ETUA21203
(PATTERN 2020)

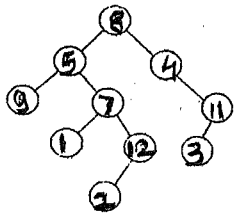
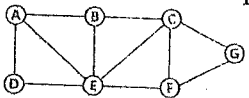
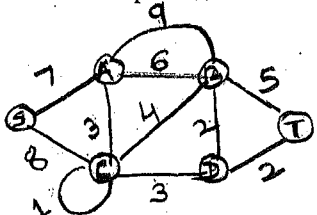
Time: [2 Hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 60]

(*) Instructions to candidates:

- 1) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 2) Use of scientific calculator is allowed
- 3) Use suitable data wherever required
- 4) All questions are compulsory. Solve any two sub questions each from each Question 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 respectively

| Q. No. | Question Description | Max. Marks | CO mapped | BT Level |
|--------|--|------------|-----------|---------------|
| Q.1 | a) Describe the role of constructors in Java classes. Explain the difference between parameterized and default constructors. | [5] | 1 | Understand |
| | b) What is the difference between method overloading and method overriding in Java? Provide examples for each. | [5] | | Understand |
| | c) Create a Java class representing a car. Include member variables and methods that demonstrate encapsulation and abstraction. | [5] | | Apply |
| Q2 | a) Compare and contrast the Quick Sort algorithm with the Merge Sort algorithm in terms of time complexity, stability, and memory usage in Java. | [5] | 2 | Analysis |
| | b) Describe the conditions under which the bubble sort algorithm in Java terminates, and explain why it is called "bubble sort." | [5] | | Understanding |
| | c) Write a Java method named selection Sort that takes an array of integers and sorts it in ascending order using the selection sort algorithm. | [5] | | Apply |
| Q3. | a) Write a Java method to append a node to the end of a singly linked list. | [5] | 3 | Apply |
| | b) Describe how a doubly linked list allows for both forward and backward traversal. | [5] | | Understand |
| | c) Write a Java method to delete a node to the end of a singly linked list | [5] | | Apply |
| Q.4 | a) Solve the given infix expressions to find equivalent postfix notations. Show all steps. (A+B/C*(D+E)-F) | [5] | 4 | Evaluate |
| | b) Implement a simple stack using a linked list and perform push and pop operations | [5] | | Apply |

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| | c) Assess the advantages and disadvantages of implementing a circular queue compared to a regular queue for managing the cinema's booking system. Justify your evaluation by considering factors such as efficiency, memory usage, and ease of implementation. | [5] | | Evaluate |
| Q.5 | a) Given an expression tree, break down the steps to evaluate the expression. $a*b/c + e/f*g + k - x*y$ | [5] | 5 | Evaluate |
| | b) Write an algorithm to perform an in-order traversal of a Binary Search Tree. Apply this algorithm to a tree given below, showing the sequence of visited nodes. | [5] | | Apply |
| |  | | | |
| | c) Consider the following inorder and preorder traversals of a binary tree: Inorder: D, B, E, A, F, C Preorder: A, B, D, E, C, F Sketch the Binary Tree | [5] | | Apply |
| | a) Given an undirected graph, implement depth-first search traversal algorithms. Provide the order in which the vertices are visited for a specific graph | [5] | 6 | Apply |
| |  | | | |
| | b) Find minimum spanning tree for the given graph using kruskal algorithm stepwise. | [5] | | Apply |
| |  | | | |
| | c) Explain the concept of a connected graph, a path, and a spanning tree. Provide an example for each, illustrating how they are applied in graph theory. | [5] | | Understand |